Well Informed People Read The Gazette—That's Why They Are Well Informed

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THE WEATHER
Fair Monday, cooler in west portion; Tuesday fair, cooler in east portion.

NO. 9173—37TH YEAR

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., MONDAY, APRIL 23, 1906

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

FIRE BREAKS OUT IN SOUTH PART OF CITY

Smouldering Embers Burst Into Flames and Threaten Rest of San Francisco---Illumination Can Be Seen Eight Miles.

OAKLAND, April 22.—A report reached here from San Francisco at midnight that a brisk fire is buring in south San Francisco. The illumination can readily be seen from this side of San Francisco bay, a distance of eight miles. It is believed that the fire broke out afresh from smouldering embers that could not be subdued on account of the lack of water.

When the fire was pronounced to be practically out in San Francisco several frame buildings were standing in South Francisco, but it is now feared that these will be swept away. As a stiff breeze is blowing, what remains of the residence district is also in danger of burning.

FIRE IS OUT, ONLY SMOKING EMBERS AND CHARRED BONES REMAINING TO TELL THE TALE

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—The announcement is made that the fire is out, only smoking embers remaining. The condition of the homeless and shelterless people encamped in various parts of the city is now remarkably good and offers of substantial financial assistance are being rapidly received from many cities in all sections of the United States. The grand total of all the moneys contributed to date is $4,154,000.

South of Market street the loss of life was mostly brought about by the collapsing of many cheap and crowded lodging houses. Among others this caving in of the Royal, corner Fourth and Minna streets, added to the horror of the situation by the shrieks of the many scores of victims imbedded in the ruins.

The collapsing of the Portland house on Sixth street, between Mission and Market, came about in a similar manner. Fully sixty persons were entombed by timbers and brick. Many of these were saved before the fire eventually crept to the scene.

The large five-story Brunswick rooming house, with its 300 rooms filled with guests, on the corner of Sixth and Howard streets, collapsed to the ground entirely and fire started amidst the ruins scarcely five minutes later. It is estimated that over three hundred persons lost their lives.

Part of the large Cosmopolitan house, corner Fifth and Mission streets, collapsed at the very first shock. Many of the sleepers were buried in the ruins, others escaping in their night clothes.

At 775 Mission street, the Wilson house, with its four stories and 80 rooms, fell to the ground, a mass of ruins. As far as known, very few of the inmates were rescued.

The Denver house, on lower Third street fared the same fate, and no one will ever know how many were killed, the majority of the inmates being strangers.

A small two-story frame building, occupied by a man and wife, at 405 Jessie street, collapsed without an instant's warning. Both were killed.

To the south of Market street, the rooming house people fared somewhat better. The Luxumborg, corner Stockton and O'Farrell streets, a three-story affair, suffered severely from the falling of many tons of brick from an adjoining building. The falling mass crashed through the building, killing a man and woman.

At the Sutter street Turkish baths, a brick chimney toppled over, and, crashing through the roof, killed one of the occupants as he lay on a cot. Another, close by, lying on another cot, escaped.

A helpful feature of the work is the establishment by the Southern Pacific company of a chain of information bureaus which will be served by relays of pony riders, carrying the latest bulletins and instructions, relative to transportation facilities provided to relieve the congestion in San Francisco.

A committee sent by the Japanese consul, representing the Japanese relief society, offered its co-operation in any manner possible. The society is caring for many of the stricken Japanese, who still remain in the city. They are rendering assistance to white people whenever required. They have wired to every large city on the coast asking for supplies to be sent by the Japanese.

"I REMEMBER ONLY THIS, THAT IT SEEMED IN THAT MOMENT A GOOD THING TO TAKE A LIFE"

LOS ANGELES, April 22.—R. F. Lund, general sales agent of the Dover Manufacturing company at Canal Dover, Ohio, is a San Francisco refugee who reached here today. Mr. Lund was asleep in the McCormick apartments when the first earthquake shock rent San Francisco.

"I awoke to find myself on the floor," said Mr. Lund "The building to me seemed to pitch to the right; then to the left, and finally to straighten itself and sink. I had the sensation of pitching down in an elevator shaft—that sudden, sickening wave that sweeps over you and leaves you breathless. I got into my clothes and with some difficulty wrenched open the door of my room. Screams of women were piercing the air. Together with a dozen other men, inmates of the apartments, I assembled the women guests, and we finally got them into the streets. Few of them tarried long to dress. We went back again and again to the upper halls and returned with more women. In one room particularly there was great commotion. It was occupied by two ladies and they were in a state of hysterical terror because they could not open their door and get out. The sudden settling of the building had twisted the jambs.

"Finally, I put my 230 pounds of weight against the panels and smashed them through. I helped them wrap themselves in quilts, and half led, half carried them to the street.

"While passing through a narrow street I came upon a tragedy. A rough fellow, evidently a south-of-Market street thug, was bending over the unconscious form of a woman. She was clothed in a kimono and lay upon the sidewalk near the curb. His back was toward me. He was trying to wrench a ring from her finger, and he held her right wrist in his left hand. A soldier suddenly appeared. He held a rifle thrust forward and his eyes were on the wretch. Involuntarily I stopped and involuntarily my head went to my hip pocket. I remember only this, that it seemed in that moment a good thing to take a life. The soldier's rifle came to his shoulder. There was a sharp report, and I saw the smoke spurt from the muzzle. The thing straightened up with a wrench. He shot his right arm above his head and pitched forward across the body of the woman. He died with her wrist in his grasp. It may sound melodramatic, but the feeling I experienced was one of disappointment. I wanted to kill him myself.

"Along in the afternoon, in my walking, I came upon a great hulking fellow in the act of wresting food from an old woman and a young girl, who evidently had joined their fortunes. No soldiers were about, and I had the satisfaction of laying him out with the butt of my pistol. He went down in a heap and I did not stay to see whether or not he came to.

"Now that I am away from that city of horrors, the whole impression of the times I went through is blind and blurred."

ONE STREET CAR LINE OPERATING

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22. San Francisco is not now without passenger transportation. Cars are running down Fillmore street today and appear to have plenty of power. The service is free to all with the exception of hogs. The cars on Sutter and Pacific avenue will probably be run by horses. The federal troops under command of General Funston have already taken systematic charge of the principal portion of the city intrusted to their care. Major Benson of the Fourteenth cavalry is in command of the provost guard. General Funston's headquarters are at Fort Mason and he has under his command 3,000 federal troops.

United States Marshal Shoup of Alaska, who was in the Palace hotel, San Francisco, at the time of the earthquake, is safe with hundreds in Piedmont Park, Oakland. Although severely shaken by the quake, he escaped injury.

Five children were born last night in the hospitals that have been established at Golden Gate park, making eighteen births in this park. Eight babies have been born in Buena Vista park.

HARTUNG NOT GUILTY.

MILWAUKEE, April 22.—Assemblyman Fred H. Hartung was today adjudged not guilty of accepting a bribe by a jury. Hartung was indicted, charged with bribery in 1901, when he was a member of the board of supervisors. Other indictments are pending.

MULTITUDES HAVE FOOD AND SHELTER

Homeless Are Housed in Temporary Structures and Generously Fed by Nation's Hand; 500 Bodies Recovered---Sanitary Conditions Improved.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—Had it not been for the sight of the raised altars set up in the open air wherever San Francisco's homeless thousands were camped, one would have had some difficulty in finding any of the peaceful associations of the sanctum in this city today. Everywhere throughout the burned, as well as the remaining section of the city, there was the greatest activity. Streets were being cleared of debris, laborers were repairing broken water pipes, sewers and gas mains; electricians were everywhere seeking to untangle the almost hopeless confusion of wires; in fact San Francisco was in the first stages of its regeneration.

No Hungry People.

There are no hungry people here tonight; the gaunt specter of starvation has been banished by the magnificent response of the people of California in particular, and by the entire nation in general, to the appeals that went out for assistance. Food by the carload and boatload poured into Oakland last night and today in sufficient quantities to overwhelm the committee which has in charge its distribution, so great was the volume of food stuffs brought into the general depot at Oakland Mole that the general committee today made an appeal for skilled labor in the handling of these supplies. Grocers, butchers and commission men have been requested to secure men who are familiar in the handling of food stuffs in order that the confusion attendant upon the distribution at the scores of stations established might go on without confusion.

Coffee, Meat and Fruit.

The French people are no longer obliged to subsist upon bread and canned stuff entirely as they had been during the previous days of their trying experiences, but were today given hog coffee, canned meats and even cakes and oranges. Oranges have come in in plentiful supply from southern California, and the sight of California's famous product was everywhere hailed with words of delight.

It must not be understood by the charitable people of the country that there is a surfeit of food for the sufferers. While the supply is abundant at this writing, it is well for the public to remember that the homeless thousands must be fed and cared for by the organized relief committees for an indefinite period. It is desired, therefore, that contributions be continued everywhere until the people who have been rendered helpless and destitute by the city's misfortune can care for themselves.

Water Situation Relieved.

The water situation, while causing inconvenience to the people, is no longer such a problem. About two-thirds of the residence section of the city is being supplied with sufficient water for the pressing domestic needs, but, of course, there is not yet enough to be had for fire-fighting purposes. Because of this fact the most stringent orders have been given the military and civil police that no fires shall be built within any house, and no lights, not even a candle light, can be shown at night in the houses. All cooking for the present must be done on the sidewalks or in the open streets and in the daylight.

One of the noteworthy features of the situation is the remarkable promptness with which the work of systematically caring for the homeless has been thoroughly organized and put into operation. The fear that existed two days ago that the immense task of caring for the destitute and helpless people could not be organized quick enough to save thousands from hunger, and possible epidemic, exists no longer.

All Is Harmonious.

The administration of the city's affairs is progressing most harmoniously. Mayor Schmitz and General Funston are working in perfect accord. There was some slight confusion yesterday owing to the misunderstanding of orders by some members of the National guard, but this has been minimized. The system put into force by the mayor and General Funston today is working order out of confusion, and the city is as orderly as before the fire. Provost orders have been issued by so many heads of departments, as has been the case the past few days, that there has been necessarily more or less conflict of authority. It is to be observed, however,

(Continued on Page 2).

LITTLE CHILDREN SUFFERED TERRIBLY

LOS ANGELES, April 22.—A fragmentary account of the terrible sufferings endured by the little children of San Francisco in the earthquake and fire was brought to this city yesterday by Mr. and Mrs. Henry Huskey and Mrs. Kate Lund, who lived together on Pine street.

"Under our own observation," said Mrs. Huskey, "was the case of one child, ill of diphtheria, who was carried into the streets Wednesday night by her parents and died in agony on a lawn that morning.

Utter lack of water in some districts peopled by the refugees set the children to moaning and pleading for drink. Men of ruined families made every human effort to satisfy the thirst of the little ones. Failing at last and in desperation, they invaded the neighboring saloons and brought whisky to the women. Unable longer to withstand the pleadings of their children, mothers poured small quantities of the fiery liquor into tin cans and other available receptacles and gave it to the tots to drink. The natural result was to increase the pangs of thirst twenty-fold and the sight of staggering children was witnessed by observers.

DISASTER HASTENS MANY MARRIAGES

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—Weddings in great number have resulted from the recent disaster.

Women driven out of their homes and left destitute have appealed to the men to whom they were engaged, and immediately marriages have been effected.

Since the first day of the disaster an increase in the number of marriage licenses issued was noticed by County Clerk Cook. This increase is getting greater. Yesterday morning, seven marriage licenses were issued in an hour. Cook himself has been on duty much of the time, as has his deputy, Paul Withe, although no other business has been transacted.

"I don't live anywhere," is the answer given, in many cases, when the applicant for a license is asked where his residence is.

"I used to live in San Francisco."

CARE OF CHINESE A GRAVE PROBLEM

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22. One of the first problems facing the relief committees on both sides of the bay is the sheltering of the Chinese. Most of them, former rich and poor alike, are absolutely penniless and destitute. It has long been a question in San Francisco what should be done with Chinatown, and moving the Chinese in the direction of Colma has been agitated. Now they are without homes and without prospects of securing any. They can get no land. The limits of Oakland's Chinatown have already been extended, and the strictest police regulations are in force to prevent further enlargement. On this side of the bay they are camping in open lots, but of course this is the merest temporary shelter.

Unless the government undertakes their relief they are in grave danger. Those who have money can not purchase supplies, as no one will sell to them. Few, however, even of the richest merchants in Chinatown, saved anything of value, for their wealth was invested in the oriental village which had sprung up in the heart of the burned district.

BOUNDARIES OF THE BURNED AREA ARE DEFINED

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—The fire having exhausted itself with the exception of still flaming embers in a thousand places here and there through the burned district, the Associated Press, for the purpose of determining with accuracy the boundaries of the conflagration, sent out an automobile today which skirted the fire on its four sides. The register of this machine at the end of the trip showed that it had traveled twenty-six miles, which therefore may be taken as the length of the line along which the flames traveled. This area included the financial, commercial and most of the densely-populated portion of the residence district, with all the splendid institutions and great mansions that had grown up with the progress of the city.

The start of the tour was made from the Pacific Mail dock at the corner of First and Brannan streets. Traveling along the north line of Brannan, the fire ate its way to Second, where it crossed the street and consumed the warehouse of the great wine firm of Lachman & Jacobi at the southeast corner of Brannan and Second. Thence it moved along the west side of Second to Townsend and along the north line of Townsend to Seventh. On this particular front it licked up the great building of the Southern Pacific at the corner of Fourth and Townsend streets. This building was formerly the main offices of the system under the Huntington regime, but of late years had been used by the auditors of the freight and passenger departments. Of its contents only the records were saved.

But directly in front of the ruins there were already evidences of the undaunted spirit that animates the citizens of San Francisco in this crisis, for 100 men were at work clearing the debris from Fourth street in order that the Southern Pacific might run spur tracks northerly along the line of Fourth to Market for the purpose of carrying away the immense messes of brick and ruined material littering the streets and the sites of the business houses that so lately crowded that area. And in this connection it is noted that the freight and passenger depots along the southerly side of Townsend street as far east as Third, though built in the most fragile manner and of the most perishable materials, were not so much as scorched.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—The Associated Press representatives today covered the entire area of the burned section. The circumference of the area of the great conflagration, as near as could be ascertained by the markings of a cyclometer, is 26 miles, or about seven square miles, and comprises the entire business district and a large section of the residence district, all of which was densely populated.

It was estimated today, by competent insurance authorities that the loss will aggregate $300,000,000, and on this amount of property the insurance companies carried approximately $175,000,000 insurance.

Standing at the corner of Fourth and Townsend streets, one's eye caught the ruins of the great brick Catholic church of St. Rose, one block distant on Brannan near Fourth, which some eight years ago suffered a visitation of fire and had only lately risen on its ruins in what seemed to be imperishable brick and stone.

From Townsend at the corner of Seventh the fire burned along the east line of Seventh, northerly, half way to Brannan, where it crossed and burned half the block on the southerly line on Brannan between Seventh and Eighth. Thence, crossing Brannan still in a northerly direction, it burned along the east line of Eighth to Bryan; thence along the south line of Bryan half way to Ninth, thence along the north line of Bryan to Juniper, a small street half way distant between Tenth and Eleventh, sparing the northwest corner of Eleventh and Bryan. Thence along the east line of Juniper to Harrison, thence along the east line of Harrison to Fourteenth and along the north line of Fourteenth to Folsom; then half way along the west line of Folsom to Fifteenth but leaving intact the structure at the southwest corner of Fourteenth and Folsom. Along the north line of Fourteenth it ate its way to Shotwell and along the west line of Shotwell to Fifteenth; skirting the north line of Fifteenth it traveled to Howard and along the north line of Eighteenth as far as Capp and thence along the west line of Capp.

In this immediate district it was noted that the block bounded by Seventeenth and Eighteenth, and Howard and Shotwell, though spared by the flames, had been terribly shaken by the quake. In some instances the houses were a mass of ruins, it being thought of all buildings in that square block the only two that might be saved from the wreck were those of Lawyer W. C. Graves at 2189 Howard. Even the frame Catholic church of St. Charles at Shotwell and Eighteenth appeared to be undamaged.

In its progress the conflagration consumed all the dwellings along the west line of Capp to a point half way between Nineteenth and Twentieth, leaving intact the row of residences fronting on the northerly line of Twentieth between Capp and the Mission; thence it burned along the north line of Twentieth to Dolores, at which point it was stayed by the great openings which were formerly the Jewish cemeteries of this city, but which within a few years have been purchased by the municipality and were in process of being converted into a pleasure ground.

Before leaving this district it may be mentioned that an independent fire was started Wednesday morning immediately after the trembler, in the dry goods store of Lirman, at the corner of Twenty-second and Mission. The fire burned over an area of 150 by 300 feet but there being water in the mains at that time, was checked. Traveling northerly on Dolores from Twentieth, there was nothing but a waste to be seen on the east line of Dolores, scarcely a vestige remaining of the handsome structure erected by the Sisters of Notre Dame. At the northerly end of Dolores, where it meets the extension of Market street, the flames were diverted by the great bare cut at that point, eating easterly, thence along the south line of Clinton park to

(Continued on Page 2).

TWENTY-TWO COAL MINERS ARE KILLED

Fatal Explosion in C. F. & I. Mine Forty Miles West of Trinidad---Men From Adjacent Camps Engaged in Rescue Work.

TRINIDAD, Colo., April 22.—As the result of a dust explosion in a mine of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company, 40 miles west of Trinidad, shortly before noon today, 22 miners are known to be dead and one other is missing with little hope of his being found alive. There were 40 men in the mine at the time of the explosion. Seventeen miners who were working 3,700 feet from the entrance escaped uninjured through another opening.

The explosion occurred in rooms 3 and 4 near the main entrance and was the result of a windy shot which ignited the dust.

An order for 22 coffins has been received by a local undertaking establishment here, that many bodies having been taken out during the afternoon. The mine was not badly damaged, and work can be resumed in a couple of days. The mine gave employment to 180 men. Miners from adjacent camps are assisting rescue. General Superintendent Robert O'Neil left here on a special train at noon and is personally directing the rescue work. Among the dead is James Reed, fire boss. Most of the others are Italians and Japanese.

MANY SKYSCRAPERS CAN BE REPAIRED AT SMALL COST

FRESNO, Cal., April 22.—C. C. Lindgren of the San Francisco-Fresno contracting firm of Lindgren-Hicks co. (inc.), returned last evening from San Francisco with definite news that the disaster is to have no deterrent effect upon contemplated sky scrapers for San Francisco and that many of the great buildings expected destroyed can be rehabilitated, some at no great expense.

The Lindgren-Hicks company had the contract for the building of the Humboldt bank building on Market street between Third and Fourth street. The plans call for an 18-story structure, to overlook the Call building. Lindgren yesterday called upon the president and the cashier and asked what they proposed to do in view of the crushing disaster.

"Build the structure according to the original plans, without a single change," said the president; "only rush it as fast as it is possible. In the meantime, put up a temporary structure on Third street."

Hasbrook Law is going ahead with the repair of the Palace hotel. Lindgren examined the ruins yesterday and said that it would be a necessity to rebuild the first two stories. The Lindgren-Hicks company have also a contract for building a $500,000 annex to the Palace, containing the largest theater in San Francisco. Lindgren did not discuss this with Law, but says he has no doubt the work will go right ahead. In fact, says Lindgren, there is the more likelihood of its being built, now that all the theaters in San Francisco have been destroyed. The contractor will use the magnificent hostelry as a boarding camp for his army of men.

Lindgren obtained a permit from Governor Pardee and Mayor Schmitz yesterday to make an examination of some of the principal buildings still standing, and the result of his inspection is reassuring.

He says the Haywards building at the corner of Montgomery and California street is only slightly damaged and can be repaired at a cost from $5,000 to $10,000.

The Merchants Exchange, while badly gutted, can be repaired at small cost, about $150,000 or $500,000, it is thought. The building cost $6,000,000.

Other buildings in the burnt district that have withstood the ravages of the fire so as to admit of rehabilitating are the Pacific Fruit, the Union Trust, the New Chronicle, the Call, the Mutual Savings bank, the Crockers, Woodworth and the St. Francis hotel.

Buildings that are practically undamaged are the new postoffice, which was repaired in 1905, the mint and the old custom house. Lindgren has volunteered to clear a way through Market street for traffic. He obtained permission from the mayor and chief of police to do this work, and will start a gang to work Monday.

PROPERTY LOSS ON WATER FRONT IS INSIGNIFICANT

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—South of Market street the loss on the water front proper is comparatively small. Several sheds will have to be entirely reconstructed and small repairs will have to be made to one or two of the docks, but beyond this the property loss is insignificant. There is nothing to interfere with the unloading of ships and steamers at any of the docks south of the ferry building, save at Pier 2 of Mission dock, where a collapsed shed entirely covers the wharf. Large quantities of coal, sufficient to supply all present needs of the city, are stored in the bunkers south of Market street. Additional supplies of coal are in the harbor and in a few days the coal-laden vessels will be towed to their docks and unloaded.

At the Masonic cemetery receiving vault, all the valuable records of the city are stored along with the dead. The vault is guarded very carefully with a special detail of troops.

Chief of Police Dinan has sent the following notice to the sheriffs and chiefs of police of cities and towns adjoining this city:

"The number of visitors and sightseers who are coming to this city, has become so great that it is impeding the work of the relief committee of this city. You will confer a great favor on the mayor and myself if you will have guards stationed at every train approaching this city, and allow no one to board them unless on business of urgent necessity of those who are absolutely known to be willing to assist in relief."

WINE WINS FIGHT AGAINST FLAMES

HUNDREDS OF BARRELS USED TO COMBAT FIRE WITH WANT TO SAVE IT FOR MEDICINE

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—An incident of the fire in the Italian quarter on the slope of Telegraph hill is worthy of note. The only available water supply was found in a well, dug in early days. At a critical moment, the pump suddenly sucked dry and the water in the well was exhausted. One who was not on that hill in the circle of flame cannot even imagine the situation.

"There is a last chance, boys," was shouted, and Italian residents crashed in their cellar doors with axes, and, calling for assistance, began rolling out barrels of red wine. The cellars gave forth barrel after barrel until there were fully 500 gallons ready for use. Then barrel heads were smashed in and the bucket brigade turned from water to wine. Sacks were dipped in the wine and used for beating out the fire. Beds were stripped off their blankets and these were soaked in the wine and hung over the exposed portions of the cottages, and men on the roofs drenched the shingles and sides of the houses with wine. And wine won. All Friday afternoon and until 4 o'clock this morning, these lads on the hill carried on the fight, much of the time using wine instead of water. They saved their homes and were thirsty to save the wine to go from the fire.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS DO GREAT DAMAGE

SAUSALITO, April 22.—After the earthquake on Wednesday morning, ten or twelve minor shocks were felt during the day. The damage in this place and vicinity by the earthquake and several fires which followed is estimated at about $15,000.

CLIFF HOUSE LITTLE HARMED

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—A thorough inspection made by a representative of the Associated Press, who made the trip in an automobile, shows that comparatively little damage was done in the vicinity of the cliff.

The Cliff house not only stands, but the damage sustained from the earthquake shock to this building will not exceed, according to the statement of Manager [illegible], [illegible] the escape of the Cliff house is one of the curious features of the [illegible] which has befallen the [illegible] famous Sutro bath, located near the Cliff house, with its [illegible] practically [illegible] the [illegible] the CLIFF HOUSE [illegible]

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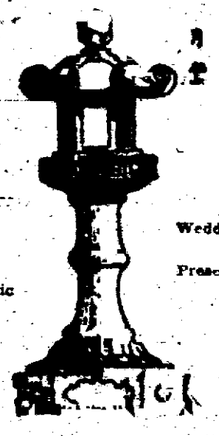

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Great Spring Sale will begin April 23 (Monday).

Hammered brass and bronze work, hand-sewed kimonos designed and made on order.

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This Week Only

to demonstrate our latest improved dry cleaning process we will clean all unlined walking skirts at the following prices: Black skirts 50c, colored skirts 75c, plain or pleated.

LOUIS STOCK

13 East Kiowa St.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

CUBS BEAT PIRATES.

CHICAGO, April 22.—Wicker outpitched Philippi and with timely hitting by Evers and King defeated Pittsburg in a well played game, the errors on both sides being on difficult chances. Attendance, 14,000. Score:

										R	H	E
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	8	2
Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	6	2

Batteries—Wicker and King; Philippi and Gibson.

WINS PLAY FOURTH.

CINCINNATI, April 22. Both teams played gearly in the game this afternoon. Score:

										R	H	E
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	4	11	2
St. Louis	2	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	3

Batteries—Druhot, Chech and Chapman; Pfiester, Hoelskotter and Bowerman.

GAMES YESTERDAY.

Chicago 3; Pittsburg 1.
St. Louis 7; Cincinnati 6.

HOW THEY STAND.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	6	3	.667
Brooklyn	5	3	.625
Boston	5	3	.625
Philadelphia	5	3	.625
Chicago	6	4	.600
St. Louis	3	4	.429
Cincinnati	4	7	.364
Pittsburg	1	8	.111

GAMES TODAY.

St. Louis at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at New York.
Philadelphia at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

WALLACE LOSES GAME.

ST. LOUIS, April 22.—Errors by Wallace, the St. Louis shortstop, lost the game to Detroit. Jacobsen was effective, while Donohue was hit hard. Attendance, 14,264. Score:

										R	H	E
St. Louis	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	3
Detroit	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	2

Batteries—Jacobsen and Spencer; Donohue and Warner.

WINS IN THE TWELFTH.

CHICAGO, April 22.—Chicago defeated Cleveland today in an exciting 12-inning game. Attendance, 17,000. Score:

											R	H	E
Chicago	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	8	2
Cleveland	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	13	2

Batteries—Walsh, Altrock and Sullivan; Townsend, Lelt and Bemis.

HOW THEY STAND.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	5	2	.714
Detroit	4	2	.667
Cleveland	3	2	.600
Washington	4	3	.571
Chicago	3	3	.500
New York	3	4	.429
Boston	2	5	.286
St. Louis	1	6	.200

GAMES TODAY

Cleveland at Chicago.
Boston at Washington.
Detroit at St. Louis.
New York at Philadelphia.

BOUNDARIES OF BURNED AREA

(Continued From Page 1)

Guerrero and along the east line of Guerrero, ruining in their course the half-constructed hospital of St. Katherine, to Market, whence they spread along the southerly side of that thoroughfare easterly to Gough. Thence along the east line to Gough to Page, along the north line of Page half way to Octavia, sparing the row of buildings along the easterly line of Octavia as far as Fell, where they reached to the easterly line of Octavia, and along that line northerly to Fulton, where on the west side they were fronted by a half-burned block that had been consumed by a fire started by overturned lamp on the morning of the earthquake.

Along the southerly line of McAllister the flames made their way to Gough, stopping long enough to consume the northwest corner of Gough and McAllister. Thence along the easterly line of Gough to Golden Gate avenue, thence along the southerly line of Golden Gate avenue to Van Ness and along the easterly line of Van Ness to Sutter, where they crossed to the west side and burned the blocks from the north line of Sutter and the east line of Franklin to Clay.

In this district were included some of the most splendid mansions of the city, chief among which was the majestic home of Claus Spreckels, at the southwest corner of Clay and Van Ness. This splendid piece of architecture, done in brown stone in the chateau style and adorned with all that wealth and taste could gather, still stands, though blackened by the ordeal and divested of all its beauty, a melancholy testimony of the futility of human endeavor.

Still burning along the easterly side of Van Ness toward Fort Mason, the fire reached Greenwich, along the south line of which it spread to Larkin and along the east line of Larkin to Lombard. Thence along the south line of Lombard to Hyde and along the east line of Hyde to Chestnut, easterly thence along the south line of Chestnut to Taylor, thence along the east line of Taylor to Bay, along the south line of Bay to Mason and down the east side of Mason to the city front.

Within this vast waste of smouldering embers were found three cases where human beings still have their habitations as before the great conflagration. One of these was to be seen on the very summit of Telegraph hill where perhaps a score of homes still stand. At the northwest corner of Jones and Green the residence of O. D. Baldwin, the real estate dealer in the Mills building, is still habitable. Across the way at the northwest Mrs. Edward Huber has preserved her home. On a southerly line of Green at 1009 and 1017 are to be found residences of Kirk Harris, George J. Phillips, B. J. Birdsall, William Hanke, Charles O'Brien and Martin Fussler. In this cluster are also the homes of H. P. Livermore, capitalist, on Vallejo, between Jones and Taylor; Miss K. M. Atkinson, 1032 Broadway; Homer Parker, 1030 Broadway; Eli Sheppard, capitalist, at Vallejo and Taylor; Rev. Joseph Worcester, 1030 Vallejo; Livingston Jenks, northwest corner of Vallejo and Taylor; Morgan Sheppard, 1024 Vallejo; Frank Stone, insurance, 1036 Vallejo; Mrs. Virgil Williams, widow of the artist. There are also six sets of flats in this vicinity which remain intact. The courageous men and women who saved their homes by main effort while a sea of flame raged and roared about them in their great thankfulness for the mercy that has been shown them, have only this small complaint to make: In their distress they have been quite abandoned by the contituted authorities and for their protection have organized a patrol system of their own, each man of the number taking a two-hours task of duty.

Some 300 houses lying on the south and east slopes of Telegraph hill remain to attest the efficacy of the juice of the grape in quenching the flames when water failed, for in this quarter, the hop-holders, many of whom are Italians, saved their abodes by a free use of the red wine stored in their cellars. The red walls of the houses show the stains where the claret-soaked sacks had been used to cool the heated walls.

The only remaining spot unburned within the district is bounded by Montgomer, Battery, Jackson and Washington. Within this district is the Appraisers building, in which is stored some half million dollars of valuable wares belonging to the importing merchants of San Francisco. The saving of this and the adjoining buildings is ascribed to the heroic endeavors of Captain Wolf and his men of Company D, Twenty-second United States infantry.

JAPAN RED CROSS TO SEND HOSPITAL SHIPS

LONDON, April 23.—According to a dispatch from Tokio to the Times, seismographs in the imperial university show that the San Francisco earthquake reached Japan in eleven minutes. Two seismologists from Japan will go to San Francisco forthwith. The Red Cross society of Japan is sending a hospital ship.

BODIES ARE SHIPPED IN ROUGH BOXES

LOS ANGELES, April 22.—Two rough boxes arrived in Los Angeles yesterday from Monterey. They contained the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Rouser, who departed from Los Angeles for the Del Monte hotel at Monterey on their honeymoon trip April 8. The young people were killed simultaneously by a falling chimney at the Del Monte in the earthquake shock of Wednesday last. They were from Bisbee, Ariz. Mr. Rouser owned several hotels in the territory.

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A hair restorer, healthful color to gray or faded hair; stops hair falling; positively removes dandruff; a delightful hair-grower dressing, keeping hair soft and luxuriant; does not stain skin or linen. Large 50c. bottle, druggists. Shinehealth Treatment with Sulphur Soap is an invisible aid to Hairhealth. Soap 25c, postage 10c. Hay Co., Newark, N. J. For free booklet on care of hair address Hay Co., Dept. A, Newark, N. J.

FREE SAMPLES Hair Tonic and Shine Soap, Dept. A, Newark, N. J.

MULTITUDES HAVE FOOD AND SHELTER

(Continued from Page 1.)

that there have been no complaints made anywhere concerning the actions either of the federal troops or the municipal police. It is only of the National guard of the state that complaint has been made.

Money Flowing In.

Contributions of money continue to be made from every part of the United States. Chairman Phelan of the finance committee, today reported an additional subscription of about $100,000, the largest of these being one of $100,000 by the Chicago Commercial association. The finance committee will tomorrow perfect a plan for the use of the huge sum of money which will soon be available for the relief of the sufferers.

The total number of bodies recovered and identified up to tonight is 499. No complete record can be had at this time, as many bodies have been buried without permits from the coroner. The searchers of the coroners and the board of health department found today not more than 30 bodies. They were buried immediately.

Reports Are Exaggerated.

Few of these bodies could be identified and the graves were marked by numbers. It is impossible at the present time to obtain any list of death list or even to make a reliable estimate as to the number of casualties. Whenever a body is found it is buried immediately without any formality whatever, and as these burials have been made at widely-separated parts of the city by different bodies of searchers, who do not even make a prompt report to headquarters, considerable confusion has resulted in the estimating of the total number of casualties, and exaggerated reports have resulted.

The health of the scores of thousands camped in the open air, is under the circumstances remarkably good. There have, of course, been several cases of pneumonia reported, and colds are quite common, but there is nothing like an epidemic of pulmonary troubles. The board of health reports that there is very little contagious disease, and for the treatment of these cases special hospitals have been provided.

Babies Born in Parks.

An interesting item from the Golden Gate park district today was the report of the birth of 18 babies. These cases have received prompt and efficient attention, and the mothers and children were removed to the various maternity hospitals.

Vigorous measures are being taken by the board of health and the board of public works to improve the sanitary conditions throughout the city. While not entirely satisfactory at some places, the sanitary conditions in general are not as yet a serious menace to the health of the people. The turning on of considerable water in the residence district today and a promise of much more tomorrow will relieve the mind of all those living in houses of the fear of disease; it is those thousands camped in the parks and on every other bit of open ground that must receive prompt attention. The work at these places is in the hands of the engineering officers of the United States army, and under their efficient direction, is progressing satisfactorily.

Temporary Shelter.

Eight temporary structures 150 feet in length by 28 feet wide and 12 feet high have been erected at Golden Gate park, and in these sheds thousands found reasonably comfortable shelter tonight. As lumber and workmen to put it in place are on hand, more of these buildings will be ready tomorrow. The buildings have been divided into compartments large enough to house a family. Those without tent shelter received first consideration in the selection of occupants for these temporary buildings.

Chief Dinan of the San Francisco police today sent telegrams to the police authorities of all California cities requesting them to take measures to prevent people from leaving their respective towns and coming to San Francisco out of idle curiosity. He asked them to impress upon the people that there are more persons in San Francisco than could find a place to sleep, and that by coming here they were simply running their chances of being put to work clearing away the debris of burned buildings, or repairing sewers. This does not apply to skilled workmen who have their own tools and who will be welcomed by the committee if they will lend their aid in carrying out the urgent needs of the street, sewer, plumbing, electrical, building and other departments of this nature.

Religious services were conducted by every denomination in the various parks and at every other place where people were in camp.

Improvised altars were set in many places, and the ceremonials carried out before thousands of earnest and devout worshipers.

PARDEE WIRES TO ROOSEVELT

WASHINGTON, April 22.—President Roosevelt today received the following telegram from Governor Pardee of California, dated Oakland, yesterday:

"The president, Washington:

"Thanks for ships. Conditions much better. Fire out; weather cool; people cheerful and being well taken care of. No epidemics, whole country crying to extend our people aid and sympathy. We appreciate very much your help.

"GEORGE C. PARDEE,
"Governor."

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It rests the feet, relieves tired, aching, sweating, swollen, sore, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

CLOSING OUT OF BUSINESS

SALE

I am desirous of opening business in San Francisco, consequently I will throw my entire stock of

Harness, Saddles, Whips, Robes, Blankets, Trunks, Suit Cases, Valises,

in fact, everything must go in the next 30 days. My assortment is now complete; if you need any of the above goods, it would be well to come at once, as I will positively sell any article and all goods at cost and less. This sale is spot CASH TO EVERYBODY. A rare opportunity to get a bargain.

J. L. HARBAUGH

TELEPHONE 678 B. 9 and 11 SOUTH CASCADE

SITUATION IN OAKLAND IS NOW SOMEWHAT RELIEVED

OAKLAND, April 22.—Oakland is caring for 75,000 people rendered homeless by the San Francisco disaster and is prepared to care for twice as many. The height of the influx has been reached and the number of the refugees is slightly decreasing. Although they are still coming in large numbers, still more are leaving on every train for different points. Requests for free transportation are investigated as closely as possible, and all deserving are sent away. Women and children and married men who wish to join their families in different parts of the state are given the preference. The transportation bureau is on a street corner, where a man stands on a box and calls the names of those who are entitled to passes.

No one now goes hungry here, and few lack shelter, but cots and bed coverings are needed. At the First Presbyterian church 1,800 were fed today and 1,000 people will sleep there tonight. Pews have been turned into beds. Cots are in the aisles, in the gallery and in the Sunday school room. Every available inch of space is occupied by some substitute for a bed. An emergency maternity hospital has been established at Emeryville.

John D. Rockefeller has sent money for the establishment of a new camp which will bear his name.

Los Angeles has provided for a camp to accommodate 1,000 people, and has sent 60 physicians and nurses to look after the sick in it. Fool also is coming in from that city and more help is offered if needed. The principal food needed now is fresh fruit, which is requested of nearby cities.

An important piece of work that is going on at relief headquarters in the chamber of commerce rooms is the registration of refugees. There are 45 clerks engaged in this work alone. All who register are catalogued by cards, which bear their names and their old and new addresses. In this manner dozens of families have been reunited and friends have found each other. A line of anxious inquirers extends far out into the street, while others file past to register or to leave an inquiry for some one who might seek them. There is an employment bureau where work is provided whenever possible. Hundreds of letters pour in and the information asked is given wherever possible.

Independent of the regular relief committee, much work is being done by fraternal societies, the members of which meet all incoming trains and take care of the destitute.

A wedding took place at the relief bureau at midnight last night. Despite the fact that the groom had only $1.30, the newly-married couple looked cheerfully on the prospect that confronted them and departed happy and hopeful.

A relief bureau especially for theatrical people is situated on Broadway, near Twelfth, and transportation east has been furnished to 200 people. One hundred are being fed at the Bell theater and will be given tickets out of town as soon as possible. Stars as well as music hall singers are gathered at the bureau, and there are many of them who look hungry for a sigh of the lights of Broadway.

The Chinese fared worst of all of the San Francisco refugees. Some of them got out their belongings at the first alarm of fire, but others remained until the last moment. Then as the flames came closer they were driven out by the soldiers. A hasty guard shot one as he was going into his own store for goods. Nearly ten thousand of them have arrived here and the majority have been cared for in the local Chinatown. Nearly all of them are absolutely destitute and it was impossible until this morning to provide any adequate way for feeding them. Many are going to other towns, but there are thousands who, with no prospects of finding work, no matter where they go, have sunk into a state of apathy. They are housed as well as possible among their countrymen, but the accommodations are very meager.

THOUSANDS ATTEND RELIGIOUS SERVICES IN REFUGEE CAMPS

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—On the steps of the shattered churches and on the green slopes of parks and cemeteries, the people of San Francisco assembled at the usual hours for religious services. Grateful for the opportunity to publicly express thanks for their preservation and anxious for the words of cheer and comfort that will carry them through future trials, the people assembled in even larger numbers than is customary. There was no distinction as to sect or denomination, the gatherings including as a rule a large percentage of the families camping or residing in the vicinity. Catholic clergymen celebrated mass in the Jewish cemetery and people of every creed knelt with bowed heads while the services were in progress.

On the steps of St. Mary's cathedral, and on the upheaved pavement of Golden Gate avenue, overlooking the blackened waste that commenced just across the street, Archbishop Montgomery celebrated mass at 8 o'clock. The service was attended by thousands, covering the church steps and extending well up and down the street in either direction. The archbishop's words and his reference to the death of Fire Chief Sullivan affected the entire assemblage.

Five masses were celebrated at St. Mary's cathedral. The archbishop, in his sermon, recommended to the people that they be at all times submissive to the authorities, civil and military.

Close to the graves in Calvary cemetery on the narrow porch of a tiny house that stands within the graveyard inclosure, three masses were clebrated for the congregation of Holy Cross church. They were largely attended and the theme of the sermons was hope and courage in the face of adversity.

In almost total darkness, with a heavy mist dropping like rain from the trees overhead, a prayer meeting was last night held in the center of Jefferson square, where hundreds of the homeless have taken refuge. A choir sang several hymns, and there was a sermon which made a stirring appeal for a renewal of courage.

4 Great Trains

No. 6.—Denver-Chicago Electric Lighted Limited

Makes the run from Denver to Chicago in 27 hours and 10 minutes. From Denver 4:35 p. m. into Chicago 8:45 p. m. next day.

No. 14.—St. Joseph, Kansas City and St. Louis Express

Complete train of chair cars, dining cars, standard and observation sleepers. From Denver 1:15 p. m. Into St. Louis 6:50 p. m. next day.

No. 2.—Omaha, St. Joseph, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago Express

Thro' chair cars, standard and tourist sleepers and dining cars. Save half in berth rates in tourist sleepers. From Denver 10:00 p. m. Into St. Louis and Chicago second morning.

No. 302.—Northwest Express

Chair cars and standard sleepers, with thro' tourist sleepers and diners en route, for the territory traversed by the Northern Pacific railway to Puget Sound and Portland. From Denver 8:45 p. m. Into Butte second forenoon; Spokane that night; Seattle next afternoon.

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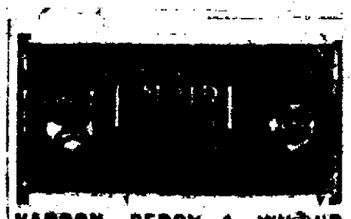
Phone 523-A 17 E. Bijou.

FIRE CHIEF SULLIVAN DIES FROM INJURIES

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—Chief D. J. Sullivan of San Francisco's fire department passed away at 1:10 o'clock this morning from the effects of injuries received on the morning of the earthquake.

Mrs. Sullivan, who suffered serious injury, has progressed satisfactorily, and it is believed she will recover.



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Evening Performance 7:30 to 10.
Admission 10c.

WANTS

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RAILROAD MEN FORGED PASSES

DETECTIVE THREIKELD OF THE ROCK ISLAND ARRESTED YESTERDAY TELEGRAPH OPERATORS YESTERDAY.

Making and uttering forged telegraphic passes upon the Rock Island system is the charge against John O'Connor, aged 25 years, and Frank Gaffney, aged 23, who were arrested yesterday by Detective Threikeld of the Rock Island system. The young men are in the county jail in default of bonds, which were fixed at $1000 each. The young men are expected to be tried in the district court at Limon Junction, and it is probable that the men will be taken there for trial.

Gaffney and O'Connor are telegraph operators and were living in Limon from Chicago the latter part of March. They remained there until April 1, when they left, owing about April 20 for board. In the meantime reports were coming in that telegraphic passes were being issued bearing the signature of Superintendent Abbott and Agent Cameron of the Limon station and stamped with the Limon dating stamp. Detective Threikeld was put to work on the case with the result that the forgeries were traced to Gaffney and O'Connor.

The arrest of Gaffney was made on passenger train No. 73 as it was crossing the bridge over Monument creek at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, and when searched at the county jail five other telegraphic passes were found in his possession. O'Connor was arrested in the saloon of Frank Thompkins at Limon and one of the forged orders was found in his possession. Some of the orders were typewritten, some were in pen and ink and others were in lead pencil. The order upon which Gaffney was riding was upon a regular company telegraph blank dated April 11, 1906, and reading as follows:

This message, when officially signed and stamped by agent at Limon Junction, will be honored to pass Frank Gaffney from Limon Junction to Colorado Springs.

(Signed) F. A. T. ABBOTT,
Superintendent.

(Limon dating stamp)

A. P. CAMERON, Agent.

It is alleged that such an order never issued from the superintendent's office, that the signature of Agent Cameron was forged, and that the impression of the dating stamp of the Limon office was stamped without the authority or knowledge of the agent. Telegraph passes of this description are only used when there is not sufficient time in which to send an employe a regular pass for his transportation from one place on the system to another, and when such an order is issued a duplicate is kept at the superintendent's office. Some of the passes found in Gaffney's possession read from Limon to Colorado Springs, while others read to Goodland, Kan. Superintendent Abbott will have the cases against Gaffney and O'Connor prosecuted in an effort to put a stop to such practices.

Societies and Clubs

The B. H. C. club meets tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Lindy Thompson, 16 North Oak street.

R. L. Hubbard will address the Ministerial association on "The Minister as the Citizen" this morning, at 10:30 o'clock, at the Y. M. C. A. building.

FORT ROBINSON POLO TEAM ARRIVES TODAY

Prepared to take every possible point from the local Cheyenne Mountain Country club polo team, the Fort Robinson polo four, crack team of the west, will reach here today ready to commence the three game series tomorrow. The Country club is just as determined that the soldiers shall not carry off the honors of the meeting with ease, if they carry them off at all. The locals confidently expect to capture at least one of the games and have strong hopes of taking two. While the army men are very strong in all departments, yet the club men have shown great improvement in their past week's work, especially in their goal driving, the weak point of the local four. The officials and other details of the games will be arranged some time today.

Subscribe now for the Gazette, 60 cents per month.

ORDAINED INTO THE PRIESTHOOD

CONFERRING OF ECCLESIASTICAL ORDERS FOR FIRST TIME IN HISTORY OF COLORADO SPRINGS

Bishop Matz yesterday ordained two young men into the priesthood of the Catholic church at the morning service at St. Mary's church. The candidates were John Prizer, of Buffalo, N. Y., and Francisco Gomez, a native of Spain. This is the first time that this service has been held in Colorado, the nearest number of young men having been ordained being at Santa Fe. Priests from all over the state were present at the service and filled the sanctuary to its capacity.

The service of ordination, the church is particularly impressive. After the opening portion of the regular mass the Veni Creator was sung by the choir. Bishop Matz then approached the candidates and laid his hands upon their heads, the priest present repeating the act. The hymn to the Holy Ghost was then sung, after which the stole and other insignia were placed upon the new priests by the bishop. The hands of the neophytes were then anointed with oils of oil, the bishop conferred the powers of the priesthood upon them. They were then consecrated and mass for the living and the dead was celebrated. The young priests then celebrated mass in unison with the bishop, one kneeling on each side of him and repeating the words in chorus. Profession of faith was made by the newly ordained priests and they promised obedience and reverence to their superiors.

At the end of the mass the congregation approached the altar rail and there received the blessing of the new priests. In the evening services at which Bishop Matz preached on the resurrection, Father Gomez was celebrant, Father Belzer deacon, Father Itabel subdeacon and Fathers Hagus and Phelan assisted the bishop, while Fathers Brinker and Curran were in sanctuary.

Father Gomez leaves today to take up his work among the Indians in Mexico and Father Belzer will return to his home in Buffalo where he will celebrate his first mass in his home church, St. Ann's of that city.

Personal Mention

Mrs. A. D. Aitken left Wednesday for a two months' visit in Des Moines, Ia., and Illinois.

Herman F. Schuettler, assistant superintendent of police of Chicago, is a visitor in the city and called at police headquarters yesterday. He is accompanied by his son.

Mrs. M. W. Mullen has received word of the death of her father, C. J. Chamberlain, formerly of this city and a member of G. A. R. post No. 22. Mr. Chamberlain was a resident of the soldiers' home at Monte Vista and had been ill for some time.

Miss Victoria Hill, who was in one of the large San Francisco buildings which collapsed and was destroyed, has wired friends here that she is safe. Miss Alda Flansburg of 702 North Wahsatch avenue has heard from her brother, Hilton, saying that he is safe.

RELIGIOUS DISCUSSION

F. R. Hastings Talks on "Beginnings of Christianity."

F. R. Hastings addressed the religious discussion class at the First Congregational church yesterday on "Beginnings of Christianity." Mr. Hastings reviewed the historical data which established proof of the New Testament. He declared that it would be impossible for the present generation to accept the New Testament on the word of church authority only. He declared that the old appeal to superstition was lost on modern hearers and that we must have something more definite. Mayor Hall will be the speaker next Sunday.

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FORECAST OF WEEK'S NEWS

SENATORS LA FOLLETTE AND SPOONER WILL SPEAK ON RATE QUESTION.

HOUSE WILL CONSIDER MINOR MATTERS—PAUL JONES CEREMONIAL TO BE HELD TOMORROW.

[illegible]

INDIAN SKELETON FOUND IN CAVE

IN RUDE MAUSOLEUM OF STONES, SURROUNDED BY IMPLEMENTS OF WAR IT RESTED A CENTURY.

[illegible]

ANGLERS WERE VIOLATING LAW

CONSTABLE LARRABEE CATCHES FISHERMEN TAKING TROUT UNDER LENGTH OUT OF SEASON

Violating the game laws by fishing out of season, catching trout shorter than five inches long, and by trespassing and stealing the fish from the private pond of Frank Hemerway in Ivywild, constitute some of the charges against John Fisher, John Jardine and Alvin Jones, the latter a colored man, all believed to be miners employed north of the city.

Complaints were sworn to by John Scofield and the arrests were made by Constable W. P. Larrabee who caught the men fishing in the trout pond yesterday afternoon. The accused men were lodged in the county jail but Fisher and Jardine later furnished bond in the sum of $100 each for appearance before Justice Ruby today. About 20 pounds of fish were found in the possession of the men and many of the trout were only four to five inches in length.

Weekly Calendar of Lodge Meetings

Masons.

El Paso lodge No. 13, A. F. and A. M., Friday evening.

Colorado Springs chapter No. 6, R. A. M., Tuesday evening.

Tejon lodge No. 104, A. F. and A. M., this evening.

Scottish Rite association, Wednesday evening, at residence of Dr. W. A. Campbell, 424 North Cascade avenue.

Odd Fellows.

Pike's Peak lodge No. 38, I. O. O. F., Thursday evening.

Colorado Springs lodge No. 140, I. O. O. F., Wednesday evening.

Sunshine Rebekah lodge No. 32, I. O. O. F., Friday evening.

Canton Colfax No. 3, P. M., I. O. O. F., Tuesday evening.

Knights of Pythias.

Syracuse lodge No. 111, K. P., Thursday evening.

Myrtle lodge No. 34, K. P., Wednesday evening.

Sublime lodge No. 93, K. P., this evening.

H. C. Casner company No. 2, U. R., K. P., Tuesday evening.

Pike's Peak company No. 10, U. R., K. P., this evening.

Sublime temple No. 53, Rathbone Sisters, Tuesday afternoon.

Hermione temple No. 1, Rathbone Sisters, this evening.

Woodmen of the World.

Pike's Peak No. 5, W. O. W., Tuesday evening.

El Paso circle No. 310, Women of Woodcraft, Saturday evening.

Elks.

Colorado Springs lodge No. 11, B. P. O. E., Tuesday evening.

Modern Woodmen.

Colorado Springs camp No. 7[illegible], M. W. A., Wednesday evening.

Jr. O. U. A. M.

Duquesne council No. 12, Jr. O. U. A. M., Wednesday evening.

Maccabees.

Independent Order of Maccabees, Friday evening.

Knights of Columbus.

Colorado Springs council No. 582, K. of C., Tuesday evening.

Royal Neighbors.

Harmony camp No. 3418, Royal Neighbors, this evening.

Knights and Ladies of Security.

Colorado Springs council No. 764, K. and L. of S., Thursday evening.

Yeomen.

Columbine homestead No. 141, A. O. Y., Friday evening.

Weekly Gazette
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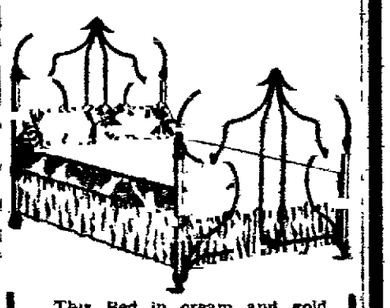
LIVELY Y. M. C. A. CAMPAIGN IS ON

PRESIDENT SLOCUM AND WM. L. SWEET GUESTS OF HONOR AT BANQUET. WORK BEGINS TODAY.

[illegible]

GERMAN AMERICAN YACHT MATCH

The Roosevelt cup, [illegible] will be sailed off Marblehead [illegible] under the rules of the Eastern Yacht club of Marblehead and the Kaiserlicher Yacht club of Kiel. The yachts to race will be built under the rules for the sonder class, a class of the Kiel boats. The boats must weigh 4000 pounds, carry not more than 650 square feet of sail (rig optional) and the water line length plus the length of the draft must not exceed 32 feet. The crews must be native citizens of the country for which they sail and the helmsman must be an amateur, that is a gentleman sailor and a member of a recognized club. Already twelve boats have been ordered by Boston and New York yachtsmen (nine in Boston and three in New York) to compete in the trial races for this match, which are to be held in August, from the 12th to the 18th inclusive, off Marblehead. Three boats will be selected to represent America and they will meet three boats to be sent by Germany, the match to consist of not less than five races. The Roosevelt cup, so named because the president stands as sponsor on behalf of America for the race, will be given to the boats first winning three races. A cup will be given also to the winner in each race. Particulars of the match have been printed in the yachting department of the Globe from time to time for the past six weeks. A sail-plan sketch of one of the sonder class boats was printed in the Globe Sunday, February 25.



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It is a terrible ordeal to a delicate, sensitive refined woman to be obliged to answer certain questions when those questions are asked even by her family physician. This is especially the case with unmarried women.

Is it any wonder then that women continue to suffer and that doctors fail to cure female diseases when they cannot get the proper information to work on?

This is the reason why thousands and thousands of women are now corresponding with Mrs. Pinkham. To her they can and do give every symptom, so that she really knows more about the true condition of her patients, through her correspondence with them, than the physician who personally questions them.

If you suffer from any form of trouble peculiar to women, write at once to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and she will advise you free of charge.

The fact that this great boon, which is extended freely to women by Mrs. Pinkham, is appreciated, the thousands of letters received by her prove. Many such grateful letters as the following are constantly pouring in:

[illegible] Mrs. P[illegible]'s [illegible]

Mrs. Ella Lee, Frankfort, Ind., writes: "Dear Mrs. Pinkham: — I want to thank you for what your medicine has done for me. Three years ago I had a serious female trouble. I was under the doctor's care for about this monthly sickness. I was not in pain, but was [illegible] the influence of morphine. The doctor said I would be bitter [illegible] would be a blessing to the rest of my life. I [illegible] up [illegible] one [illegible] I did so and [illegible] to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I [illegible] to improve at once, and to-day I am a well woman, and I know it will be a blessing to any suffering female."

Mrs. J. H. Farmer, of 2809 Wyoming Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., writes: "Dear Mrs. Pinkham: — I [illegible] for your advice and [illegible] have [illegible] for me. They have done me [illegible] I was all run down, [illegible] with [illegible] I was not able to do my work, but I am happy to say Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me a great deal of good. I am in perfect health, able to do my work, and I recommend your medicine to all suffering women."

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Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, whose letters for many years before her decease, and for twenty-five years since her advice has been freely given to sick women.

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It has always been good and always will be a word to the wise is sufficient. It is well for business men to look up the standing and loss paying ability of the insurance companies these times.

MATTHEW KENNEDY, Agt.
113 East Kiowa street.

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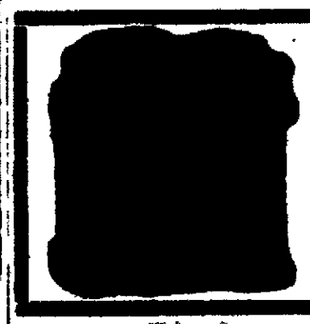

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MONDAY, APRIL 23, 1906.

THE "BAD NIGGER."

COMMENTING on the recent lynching horror at Springfield, Mo., the Kansas City Journal remarks that as is usual in such affairs, the "bad nigger" was at the bottom of the trouble, and that if this type could be eliminated "there would be fewer lynchings and far less prejudice against the blacks."

In this statement the Journal has got at the crux of the race problem. Eliminate the "bad nigger" and conflicts between whites and blacks would be as infrequent as conflicts between whites and Chinese or whites and Indians, notwithstanding the fact that there are today 10,000,000 negroes in this country. Everybody knows the "bad nigger." Usually he is lazy and shiftless, working only when there is no chance to steal, for of course he is a criminal. He thinks he is "just as good as a white man," and sometimes a little better, so he never loses an opportunity to annoy a white man or insult a white woman if he thinks he can do it safely. One of his favorite methods of demonstrating his equality or superiority—is to keep his seat in a crowded car while white women stand. He loafs all day long on the street corners and at night fills up with bad whisky and starts out to hunt for trouble, usually with unqualified success. He is a constant source of trouble to the police, and of the most intense aggravation to every white man with whom he comes in contact. And finally, he is the worst enemy of the negro race.

The two blacks who were lynched at Springfield last week may have been innocent of the crimes for which they died, but both of them were known as "bad niggers." So, too, was the one who was shot to death by a young man the next night. It is said that this third individual gloried in his reputation as a "bad nigger," and had completely terrorized his associates. Quite naturally, few tears were shed when he reached the expected end.

The "bad nigger" is well represented in Colorado Springs. About once every three or four weeks the Sheriff's force is compelled to make a trip to the coal mines north of the city to quell a free-for-all fight among the negro miners there, and on at least two of these occasions murder has been committed. Only a few weeks ago a local "bad nigger" killed his mistress, and two or three years ago another of the same gentry committed a like crime. When these beasts fight, they fight for blood and get it.

Perhaps the most unfortunate effect of this matter is that the whole negro race has to suffer from the odium of the "bad nigger." The honest, industrious, self-respecting colored men and women who constitute the majority, and who are struggling against heavy odds to pull their race upward, are compelled to shoulder the load of the degraded, criminal class. They do not get full credit from the whites for their achievements, for when the white man thinks of the negro he is quite likely to have in mind the "bad nigger."

This type of black man can no more be entirely eliminated than can the corresponding type of white man. But both can and should be made less dangerous by a strict enforcement of the laws. A good many of those who are loafing around the streets of Colorado Springs and other cities could be driven to work or to jail by a closer application of the vagrancy law. As for the others, it only remains to punish every one who violates a law so severely that the "bad nigger" life will lose its charm.

GORKY'S PROGRAM.

The enthusiasm of Americans for Maxim Gorky and his mission has fallen off considerably since the recent disclosures concerning his domestic affairs. This circumstance really does not affect, or at least it ought not to affect the cause which the writer and revolutionist represents, but in the popular mind it is impossible to dissociate the man and his mission, and when Gorky fell from grace the sympathy of the people for the revolutionary propaganda vanished.

New York received Gorky with open arms. He was wined and dined and feted, and even so level-headed a man as Mark Twain, who certainly is no impulsive youngster, made a speech advocating the buckets-of-blood method of freeing Russia. It must be armed revolution or nothing, according to Mark. Gorky says he came to America to raise money with which to launch the movement for the overthrow of the autocracy. "We need the sinews of war," he says. "The blood we will give ourselves. We need money, money, money. I come to you as a beggar that Russia may be free." But it does not appear that he has raised any considerable amount. In the beginning of his campaign he got sympathy a-plenty, but sympathy pays no bills and keeps no armies in the field.

It is just as well that American enthusiasm for Gorky and his cause has been checked, for there is nothing in the man's words or actions to show that he is a real friend of Russia. He is a revolutionist; a "red" of the most pronounced type, who believes that the salvation of the Russian people can be brought about only through the agency of fire and sword. But fortunately there is reason to believe that the desired end can be attained by peaceful means. Premier Witte is working at this peaceful problem and little by little he is securing definite results. Such leaders as Gorky could do much to smooth the path for him if they would, but instead they prefer to place obstacles in his way. They regard him as part and parcel of the autocratic machine, question his motives, oppose his authority, and jeer at his efforts at reform.

It is plain to everybody who has carefully considered the Russian question in the light of the last year's developments that the Russian people, as a whole, are unfitted for self-government, and that they must first be trained for its responsibilities by having power placed in their hands a little at a time. This is what Witte is trying to do. His plan is to teach them self-government just as a baby is taught how to walk. As they gradually acquire authority they will learn how to use it, and in the course of a few years will be prepared for the full burden.

But this method is too slow for the reds. They want a bloody revolution, from which Russia would emerge exhausted, no matter whether government or revolutionists triumphed. If the revolutionists won, it would mean a repetition of the French Terror, for there would be no man or faction experienced in affairs of state to establish a stable government. In all probability Russia would have endured the tortures of revolution only to find herself in a worse condition than before.

Americans will sympathize with every attempt to secure real reform in Russia, just as they sympathize with the struggles of every oppressed people to secure a greater degree of liberty, but they are not likely to finance a Russian revolution. So far as this country is concerned, Gorky will have to furnish the money as well as the blood.

It is to be hoped that Mr. Charles A. Towne will not pull off his threatened exposure of President Roosevelt, "the greatest promiser and smallest performer since Judas Iscariot," until after the San Francisco excitement has quieted down. It is hard for the public to concentrate its attention on two great events at the same time.

The clairvoyants, soothsayers, etc., who at the beginning of the year predicted all sorts of disasters are now wearing a satisfied smile. The secret of the soothsaying business is to predict everything—then whatever happens is a verification of the prediction.

Now that the San Francisco fire has laid the site of Chinatown bare, it has been discovered that the Chinks had burrowed 100 feet down into the ground. Probably trying to get back to their native land by the most direct route.

It has been found that Charleston, W. Va., is built over a great cave with a lake in it. Now, when the people want to go boating they have only to dig down under their houses.

The girl students of an Eastern college rebelled because the faculty forbade them playing poker. Why not compromise on bridge?—sounds more genteel and is just as expensive.

The city of Louisville has given its school children 30,000 packages of flower seeds to plant. This is the kind of free seed distribution that nobody will object to.

There are 160 American women who possess foreign titles of nobility, and a good many of them are wishing they could return the purchase and get their money back.

Dowie didn't occupy the pulpit in Zion City tabernacle yesterday, so there is no new eruption for the newspapers to report this morning.

Of course Prophet Voliva understands that if Prophet Dowie is thrown overboard, Zion City will lose its most valuable advertising agent.

It's a mighty unenterprising town that can't get itself into the newspapers nowadays by having an earthquake shock.

Olathe, Kan., has a negro chief of police. What a wholesome contempt Springfield, Mo., must have for Olathe.

The San Francisco earthquake shows that the phrase terra firma may not mean terra firma at all.

Dispatches from Venezuela indicate that since Castro resigned, the people are also resigned.

It is about time now for Castro to reconsider his determination to resign.

POETRY AND THE MAGAZINES.

The knowledge that poetry is in a bad way is more or less general, but the ordinary reader of current periodical literature probably does not realize how desperate the poet's case really is. We have, of course, heard of the Missouri verse writer whose will was recently set aside on the ground that "he wrote poor poetry and signed his name to it." A Missouri judge would, naturally, accept this as evidence of an unsound mind. What we did not suspect, however, was that practically all the editors of our high-class magazines are of the Missouri view. A Boston part has shown, by an analysis of the files of the Atlantic, Harper's, Century, Scribner's, Lippincott's and McClures for 1905, not only that the editors are lacking in judgment of good poetry, but that they are distinctly unfriendly to verse of whatever quality. The twelve numbers of these six magazines contained 9,918 pages of "literature" (not counting the advertisements); 9,703 of these pages were given up to prose, and but a beggarly 215 to poetry. The Atlantic itself, with all its rich memories of Longfellow, Lowell, Emerson, Holmes, Aldrich and the rest, devoted to the poetic muse only 24 pages out of its 1,790; and it was in 1905 that its editor sent out a card to its contributors requesting that no more poetry be sent until further notice. Other editors are accused of giving replies to offers of verse such as "the poems inclosed are too subtle for my readers," and "we don't want the best poetry—our readers don't demand it." All which shows on how small a portion of our American poets have to meditate the muse.—New York Evening Post.

A TERRIBLE SPECTACLE.

In some respects the convulsion of nature which has just been witnessed on the Pacific coast is more terrible, though less imposing as a spectacle, than that which has fixed the gaze of the world on the Bay of Naples within the last fortnight. A severe earthquake usually comes without the slightest warning. Of a violent volcanic eruption there is almost always ample premonition. Pelee was active for a full month before the outburst which annihilated St. Pierre. Though the worst work done by Vesuvius was limited to a few days, it was prefaced by months of unusual activity. Time enough was afforded when the crisis actually came for most of the people who were threatened to abandon their homes and escape death. In that respect, at least, San Francisco has encountered a pitiless fate. It is certain that the sympathy of the country will be freely manifested in practical ways if help is needed.—New York Tribune.

LIEUT. PIKE'S DIARY

For One Hundred Years Ago Today

Wednesday, 23d April, 1806. After closing my accounts, and concluding other business, at half past twelve o'clock I left the prairie, and at the lower end of it was saluted by seventeen bulges of Pawnis. Met a barge by which I received a letter from Mrs. Pike. Further on, met one batteau and one canoe of traders, passed one trader's camp, arrived at Mr. Dubuque's at ten o'clock at night, found some traders encamped at the entrance, with forty of fifty Indians. I obtained some information from Mr. D. and requested him to write to me on certain points. After we had boiled our vittuals I divided my men into four watches, and put off, wind a-head, observed this day for the first time the half-formed leaves on the trees.

RELIGION AT THE ST. REGIS.

Friends of true religion will rejoice greatly to learn that it has at last received the approval of the most fashionable people, who are now holding a weekly prayer meeting in the St. Regis hotel. Religion, today, as in the time of Christ, the carpenter, has suffered in popular esteem because its most devoted adherents are plain and simple folk, who are excluded from select social circles. A millionaire captain of industry, master of a Newport palace and exhibitor at the horse show, naturally hesitates to join a cult founded by a Nazarene mechanic. He would almost as soon become a member of a labor union.

But if Christianity becomes a fad among the habitues of the St. Regis, the richest of us can no longer have the least hesitation about joining the movement. "Three hundred young women," said the Friday papers, "handsomely clothed in the height of fashion crowded the banqueting hall of the St. Regis hotel yesterday afternoon, in attendance on a religious meeting that was being held there by three earnest young society women, who wish to lead the women members of their own set into a knowledge of the joys of a Christian life." This is a vast improvement on the open-air gatherings, led by rude fishermen, in the towns of Judea some 1,900 years ago.

Yet there is one thing to which people of taste and cultivation may properly object. "In spite of the up-to-date setting and the excellent, well-dressed appearance of the young women"—so runs the report—the assembly "had every characteristic of the old-fashioned Methodist experience meeting." For example, "from all over the room beautiful young women who bore the stamp of having lived sheltered and luxurious lives arose to say that in religion they found the only solace for sorrow and discontent."

This will never do. Old-fashioned Methodists, Baptists and Presbyterians are all very well in their place. We do not question their honesty or the benevolence of their intentions. But their fervor and their faith are shockingly bourgeois. The novelty of their testimony to the solace of religion, and of their impromptu petitions to the throne of grace, may appeal for a few weeks to our jaded aristocracy. Yet in the long run, that childlike simplicity and directness, while it may be pardoned in heaven, would hopelessly offend the sophisticated saints of the smart set.—New York Evening Post.

Press Opinions

DECAY OF THE LUMBER INDUSTRY.

No nation in the world uses so much lumber as ours; in fact, we consume as much as all Europe outside of Russia. We use it in every possible way, for building purposes, fuel, paper, ties, telegraph poles, etc., until the government has sent out an alarm. In twenty years we shall be compelled largely to substitute other material unless we are less wasteful now and more careful about reforestation.

The agricultural department is considering a plan for giving national aid to the states for reforestation through the proceeds of public land sales other than those now set aside for irrigation purposes. Various states are acting in a small way to prevent absolute deforestation, but all efforts now made are feeble compared with the waste that is in process. We can do with less wood, and we will be compelled to do with much less than is convenient if we are not careful. Wood can be replaced to an extent by other substances, but the expense will be much greater. Already millions of acres are cleared every year to supply the pulp mills, and the increase has been 50 per cent in six years.

Here is a chance for the nation and all the states to work together in aid of posterity, and if it is neglected this generation will be deservedly blamed for not only permitting waste, but refusing the easy and necessary steps to furnish a new supply.—Philadelphia Inquired.

THE EASTER BONNET.

Touching that Easter hat, we wonder if our girls would take a bit of advice from a standpoint that does not include at all the hit-passing view of the situation. Even a man who has no women folk feels as he looks in the windows of millinery shops that the limit of the fantastic in women's headgear has been reached in the spring showings. Every angle and every curve known to geometers are described in the new hats, and it is evident that there has been on the part of designers a successful attempt at making extremes meet in every hat. As a study, the results are fascinating. Will they remain so once they are perched on human heads? Girls who are always good to see no matter what they wear will carry them off as part of their stock in trade, but the others, those who are dependent on their settings to some extent for their attractions, should shun the grotesque things. Nothing can so quickly transform a sensible woman into a ridiculous one as does a hat. And in Paris, they are saying, the hats for the coming season are built on far saner and more intelligent lines than the samples displayed on this side for our observation.—Utica Transcript.

EVILS OF BOSS RULE.

It is unnecessary to dwell upon the evils of boss rule. To intelligent people the matter is simple and clear. In New York it means in a money sense that out of the $115,000,000 of annual revenues it is conservatively estimated that the Tammany bosses graft $40,000,000 outright in various ways, and by controlling the letting of public contracts, and by blackmailing public corporations, they graft about $40,000,000 more each year. The complete data and statistics were gathered by competent investigators and published last winter.

In a moral sense boss rule with its reign of cunning graft, licensed and unlicensed plunder and blackmail, means moral leprosy to a community. It means that men, young and old, are taught that religion and morality are absurd and out of date in business and politics, and that the way to get rich or to get ahead in the world is to graft, which means to "do the other fellow," to betray any trust, to steal under the forms of law, and, if it can be safely done, to break any law that stands in your way. A pestilence of disease is a little thing compared with the blighting, paralyzing, moral contagion of graft in a city.—Kansas City Journal.

ABOUT HONESTY.

Sidney Brooks in an American periodical declares that the insurance scandals in this country have among thoughtful Englishmen "dealt a staggering blow at America's reputation for commercial and financial honesty." Why? America is not all in life insurance speculation. The whole of such iniquity as has been uncovered was confined to a few men and the worst of them have suffered severely. Does all that go for nothing? Was the "reputation for honesty" of all England killed by the South Sea bubble? Why can not we learn that honesty is of the individual and that it entails its penalty with inexorable certainty?—Chicago Chronicle.

The Great Fire of London

ALMOST THE ENTIRE CITY WAS LEVELED BY THE CONFLAGRATION IN THE DAYS OF CHARLES II.

THE calamity which befell London as a result of the great fire of 1666 has hardly been equaled by any fire of more modern times.

The entire city, large as it was then, practically was leveled. Knight, in his history of England, gives the following summary of the loss resulting from the fire. Eighty-nine churches, the city gate, Guild hall, public structures of all kinds, hospitals, libraries, schools, 13,200 dwelling houses and 400 streets. The loss measured in dollars and cents was more than 29 millions.

In reading the accounts of the dynamiting of buildings in San Francisco for the purpose of checking the flames, one might be led to believe that this method was peculiar only to modern times. Instead, however, if the accounts of early English historians are to be relied on, English sailors counseled the authorities to resort to the use of gunpowder in blowing up buildings in the path of the great London fire. This was done on the second day of the fire. A number of buildings near the tower were destroyed. Many others were pulled down to stop the progress of the flames.

In the Reign of Charles II.

The London fire began Sunday, September 2, 1666. That was in the reign of Charles II. From all accounts, it started in the house of the king's baker in Pudding lane. The weather was hot and dry, and the flames, borne on a high east wind, swept swiftly from one street to another. For days the fire raged, until there were no longer traces even of where the streets had been. The population was terror-stricken. They rushed into the streets, dragging their household goods after them. At first the people moved from one street into another, trusting that the wind would turn or the fire burn itself out before it reached them. But the fiery tongues of flame leaped from one street to the next, across spaces where buildings had been pulled down, with a hunger that it seemed impossible to satiate.

King Charles was at Whitehall with his court when the fire began. He was at once notified and issued a command to have the houses in the pathway of the great fire pulled down. Pepys' diary gives a graphic account of the vain attempt of the city authorities to check the fire. The king's command was conveyed to the lord mayor. The messenger sent to tell him met that official in Canning street. He looked like "a man spent," says Pepys. "To the king's message he cried, like a fainting woman, 'Lord, what can I do? I am spent.' People will not obey me. I have been pulling down houses, but the fire overtakes us faster than we can do it."

A Description by Pepys.

Everybody is endeavoring to remove their goods, wrote Pepys, describing incidents of the fire as he made his way through the burning city; "and flinging into the river, or bringing them into lighters that lay off; poor people staying in their houses till the very fire touched them, and then running into boats, or clambering from one pair of stairs by the waterside to another.

"And among other things, the poor pigeons, I perceive, were loth to leave their houses, but hovered about the windows and balconies till they burned their wings and fell down. I walked home, seeing people almost distracted, and no manner of means used to quench the fire. The houses, too, so very thick thereabouts, and full of matter for burning, as pitch and tar, in Thames street; and warehouses of oil and wines and brandy, and other things.

Ordered Houses Pulled Down.

"Soon as I had dined I walked through the city, the streets full of nothing but people, and horses and carts laden with goods, ready to run over one another, and removing goods from one burned house to another. Met with the king and Duke of York in their barge. Their order was only to pull down houses apace, and so, below the bridge at the water side but little was or could be done, the fire coming on them so fast. Good hopes there was of stopping it at the Three Cranes above, and at Bulloigh's wharf below the bridge, if care be used; but the wind carried it into the city, so as we know not by the water side what it do there. River full of lighters and boats taking goods and goods swimming in the water. So near the fire as we could for smoke, and all over the Thames with one's face in the wind, you were almost burned with a shower of fire drops. This is very true: so as houses were burned by these drops and flakes of fire, three or four, nay, five or six houses, one from another."

A Description of the Fire.

The climax of Ainsworth's story, "Old Saint Paul's," is the great London fire. According to his story, the London fire was of incendiary origin. In his chapter entitled, "The First Night of the Fire," he says:

"All the buildings in this neighborhood (near the baker's house where the fire started) being old, and of wood, which was dry as tinder, a spark flighting on them would have sufficed to set them on fire. It may be conceived therefore, what must have been the effect of a vast volume of flame, fanned by a powerful wind. House after house caught as if constructed of touchwood, and the fire roared and raged to such a degree that those who stood by were too much terrified to render any effectual assistance.

"Soon after this the whole street was on fire. All idea of preserving their property was therefore abandoned by the inhabitants, and they thought only of saving themselves. Hundreds of half-naked persons of both sexes rushed toward Thames street in search of a place of refuge. The scene was wholly without a parallel for terror. Many fires had occurred in London, but none that raged with such fierceness as the present conflagration or promised to be so generally destructive. It gathered strength and fury each moment, now rising high into the air in a towering sheet of flame, now shooting forward like an enormous dragon, vomiting streams of fire upon its foes.

"All at once the flames changed color, and were partially obscured by thick black smoke. A large warehouse filled with rosin, tar and other combustible matters, had caught fire, and the dense vapor proceeded from the burning pitch. But it cleared off in a few minutes, and the flames burned more brightly and fiercely than ever." Kansas City Times.

CAUSES OF SUICIDE.

Certain physicians and many of that large class of aimless theorists who continually prowl about seeking excuses for self-exploitation are again investigating the psychology of suicide, with a view to properly tagging and catalouging the causes, symptoms, methods of prevention and other phenomena attending it. For a long time these investigators were baffled in their efforts to get a proper hold on the subject. In the matter of statistics there was little difficulty. For instance, it is known that the so-called "epidemic" of suicide in New York last year carried off 850 men and women, and that thousands of others were saved from self-sought death by the authorities.

When it came to ascribing exact reasons for these suicide cases it was more difficult. A learned physician, by way of a starter, gave as the causes of suicide the following reasons: Idiocy; depression following alcoholism; disappointment in love; revulsion after sin; inability to keep social pace with friends; conditions of the weather affecting the liver and thereby depressing the mind. As preventives the physician rather lamely offered the following: Hard work; individual righteousness; sane living, mentally and physically; more religion and temperance.

This analysis of the subject is far from scientific—indeed it is far from being sensible. Granted that the causes of suicide as given are correct as far as they go, the prevention outlined is farcical. Hard work, individual righteousness, sane living, temperance, etc., are terms that might just as well apply to how to keep out of the poorhouse or preserve the hair. The list is mere terminology and all could be contained in the admonition to live sanely. It is true that people who live sanely have fewer temptations to self-destruction than those who live abnormally, but it is also true that fewer people die natural deaths who take care of themselves, as compared with the sinful.

It is poor consolation to men or women suffering from lack of food and out of employment to be told that "hard work" and "sane living" would keep them from the last desperate act that will end their earthly sufferings. Anyone who works hard, who has plenty of good food, who is temperate and good-tempered would not be apt to kill himself except because of the one great cause, that has been neglected entirely in this discussion—insanity. The truth of the matter is that no laws govern the act of self-murder. The wise may theorize all they want to about it, but the fact will remain that so long as there is want, misery, hunger, sickness and people of tottering reason in the world, just that long will there be suicides.—Kansas City Journal.

THE NEW TYPE OF BATTLESHIP.

Everything considered, Admiral Dewey's plea before the house committee on naval affairs for battleships of larger size than any which we now possess was conspicuously moderate. As a member of the general board he has advocated the construction of as many as three new vessels of this class, but Washington dispatches represent him as saying on Tuesday that the United States ought to have at least two equal to the Dreadnought. Again, there is reason to think that Admiral Dewey has favored an increase from a displacement of 16,000 to one of 20,000 tons, and he says that Japan has already determined to have a ship of nearly that size. Yet he now proposes an advance to only 18,000 tons. Perhaps these concessions are due to the dissent of the board of construction from the well-known convictions of the general board, of which Admiral Dewey is president. They also recognize Secretary Bonaparte's supposed lack of sympathy with the general board's program.

Within the last four months, however, there have been developments which greatly strengthen the case for battleships displacing 18,000 tons and mounting at least 10 12-inch guns. When Mr. Bonaparte's report went to President Roosevelt, the world at large knew of only a single 18,000-ton battleship, and could learn very little even about that. When the keel of the Dreadnought was laid last year the British admiralty maintained remarkable secrecy in regard to her characteristics. Since she was launched much more information has been available. There can be little doubt that the three principal war vessels called for in the program of the new administration in England will be modeled after her in all essential respects. Moreover, Japan, Germany and France have recently committed themselves definitely to the same displacement, and it will probably not be long before Russia follows suit. Before the United States can build and put in commission the vessels which Admiral Dewey recommends therefore she will have been anticipated by practically all of the other great naval powers of the world. The example of foreign navies is important. Something besides idle fashion of mere taste is involved.

According to Admiral Dewey, one of the modern lessons of naval warfare is that battles are not won by broadside fire alone. The value of the guns which can be trained fore and aft is coming to be appreciated more than ever. This statement suggests a comparison between two plans which have apparently been under consideration at Washington. It has been provisionally determined to give the Michigan and the South Carolina each eight 12-inch guns, two pairs being placed forward and two aft, and all four on the center line of the ship. One of the forward pairs will be behind and higher than the other. It will thus be possible to bring four guns to bear straight ahead. The Dreadnought mounts six guns forward, the pairs being so disposed that all of them can be used together in the same manner. It is safe to say that if the new American battleships are kept down to 16,000 tons, the first of these arrangements will be adopted. If a displacement of 18,000 tons is authorized ten guns can be mounted, and the distribution of the Dreadnought followed. The latter scheme would increase the power of the bow fire 50 per cent, while, according to Secretary Bonaparte, the increase in cost would be only 10 per cent; that is, an addition of $750,000 to the original estimate. Bow fire is not the only thing to consider, to be sure; but it is possible that congress has not yet fully weighed its importance.—New York Tribune.

WHY

have a torpid liver when Herbine, the only liver regulator, will help you? There is no reason why you should suffer from Dyspepsia, Constipation, Chills and Fever or any liver complaints, when Herbine will cure you. F. C. Waite, Westville, Fla., writes, "I was sick for a month with chills and fever, and after taking two bottles of Herbine am well and healthy." Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

RIO GRANDE HAS A DAILY train to Denver and Pueblo.

THE REAL ORIGIN OF THE MEXICAN WAR.

Attention has been attracted recently by the publication of two or three rather lurid books purporting to give "inside" information of some of the important recent diplomatic happenings in Europe. America offers a less inviting field for such semi-fictional writing. But there has been at least one political intrigue of the first magnitude in the United States, the proof of which has escaped the attention of nearly everybody save historical specialists, though its existence was once widely suspected. That intrigue was conducted by a president of the United States and its outcome was war.

It will be recalled that when General Taylor's little army established itself in disputed territory on the Rio Grande in 1846 it was attacked by the Mexicans and a few men were killed. When this news reached Washington President Polk at once sent a message to congress declaring that war existed, notwithstanding all our efforts to avoid it and existed "by the act of Mexico herself," since that country had "shed American blood on American soil." Congress responded with a formal war declaration. This is the official account of the origin of the Mexican conflict. Another version is embodied in Polk's private diary, which George Bancroft made public a few years ago.

In September, 1845, Polk notes that he expects not only to annex Texas, but also to purchase New Mexico and Upper California from Mexico. His commissioner, Slidell, returned from Mexico, however, without accomplishing the purchase, and on Saturday, May 9, 1846, the exasperated president writes that he had assured the cabinet that day of his intention to send a war message to congress on the following Monday. No word had yet been received from Taylor and Bancroft, then secretary of the navy, urged that the president wait for some overt act of aggression by Mexico. Polk refused the advice, but that same afternoon Taylor's report of the first skirmish came, and he determined to base the appeal to congress on the Texas news.

The president worked all day Sunday on the message. His attempt at public deception did not distress him, but he piously observes: "I regretted the necessity for me to spend the Sabbath in the manner I have." The real purpose of the war—the spoliation of Mexico—is emphasized in another diary entry a few days later. To make a better appearance before the world, Buchanan, the secretary of state, had prepared a circular to be sent to American envoys abroad, disclaiming any intention of seizing Mexican territory and asserting that the United States would be contented with the Rio Grande boundary. Polk refused to allow this message to be sent. "I will not tie up my hands," he writes, "by any such pledge. In making peace with our adversary we shall acquire California and New Mexico and other territory as an indemnity for this war if we can."

The inference from all this is unmistakable that Polk, under the influence of his "manifest destiny" beliefs, would have forced war upon Mexico in order to seize its northern territory even had Taylor not been attacked. The declaration on the shedding of American blood on American soil was an afterthought and a hollow pretense. This was the view taken by Benton and other critics of the administration. The documentary proof, however, was lacking until Bancroft copied Polk's diary.—Kansas City Star.

WANT AND NEED.

There's a big difference between what a baby wants and what he needs. Deny him the one, give him the other. Most babies need Scott's Emulsion — it's the right thing for a baby. It contains a lot of strength-building qualities that their food may not contain. After a while they get to want it. Why? Because it makes them comfortable. Those dimples and round cheeks mean health and ease. Scott's Emulsion makes children easy; keeps them so, too.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

Can't Do It

Heart troubles do not get better without help, if the cause is not removed the heart continues to get sicker.

They are the outgrowth of nervous nerve force, and as the nerves can not stop to rest as do other organs, it must continue until so "dizzy and weak" and—that's the end.

On the very first indication of heart trouble you can rely on prompt and effect relief by the use of

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

It feeds, strengthens and builds up the nerves and muscles of the heart.

"I had heart trouble for years, pain in side, short breath, palpitation, smothering spells. Every exertion caused sharp pains and weakness in the heart. Am now on the third bottle of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and the result is wonderful. Pains are entirely gone, and I sleep good, have good appetite and think Dr. Miles' Heart Cure the best medicine in the world."

ALONZO MORLEY, Columbus, O.

The first bottle will benefit. If not, druggist will return price.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Newest Soft Hats for This Season

[illegible] We are showing a very large variety [illegible] from the Stetson and Knox manufacture at $3 00

Low crown [illegible] flat sections, these hats may be worn with the crown creased or dented to suit the taste of the customer [illegible] becoming either way. To find a Stetson or Knox hat at $3.00 is a uncommon thing. We also have these Hats a drawing card in our Hat Department.

Stylish [illegible] patterns in the new spring caps.

Holbrook & Perkins

SUBSCRIPTIONS ARE PAST $20,000 MARK

Church Contributions to San Francisco Relief Fund Yesterday Aggregate $760 and Committee Hopes to Swell Total to $30,000 Before End of Week.

WATCH IT GROW

Previously acknowledged	$19,210 85
Contributions at churches	760 10
Cripple Creek railroads	300 00
Colored peoples' mass meeting	91 22
Elks subscription list	60 00
TOTAL	$20 455 17

Although the city banks relief bureau and other stations where contributions are being received for the San Francisco sufferer were not open yesterday, enough donations were announced to boost Colorado Springs relief fund into the twenty thousands. The exact amount—$20 455 17—is considered a handsome monument to the generosity of this city but the committee still works on and hopes to bring the fund to the $30 000 mark before the week is ended.

Railroads Contribute

The largest contribution announced yesterday was $300 Jesse H Waters general manager of the Short Line announced this donation last night.

The colored people of the city held a mass meeting at St John's Baptist church yesterday afternoon and raised $94 22 for stricken San Francisco which will be raised to $100 today. Special offerings were taken at all the city churches.

Two carloads of provisions—perhaps three—will be sent to the City of Desolation today from the Sunshine City. Two cars will go out tonight at 11 o'clock on Santa Fe passenger train No 61 and if the donations this morning warrant another carload it will be sent tonight over the Denver & Rio Grande. Both of these companies have volunteered to carry the Colorado Springs offering to the coast free of charge.

"Tore From the Elks.

A subscription list has been opened at the Elks club house, so that members of Colorado Springs lodge No 309, B P O Elks and their friends may contribute. The list opened yesterday with subscriptions by M B Burke $50, G M Taylor $5, and James P Bussey $5.

Colorado Springs newspaper men have organized a baseball team which will play a benefit game with Cutler academy this week. The total receipts of the game will be forwarded to the Red Cross society at San Francisco. George Taliaferro of the Evening Telegraph, is captain and A K Stone of The Gazette, is manager.

One of the largest contributions announced Saturday was that of Benjamin C Allen, who gave his check for $500. Architect T MacLaren gives $10.

Subscriptions at Churches

The subscriptions at the Colorado Springs churches yesterday were as follows

First Presbyterian church yesterday	$194 60
First Baptist church yesterday	116.20
First Congregational church yesterday	90 00
Grace Episcopal church yesterday	79 60
First Christian church yesterday	56 05
First Methodist church yesterday	50 00
United Presbyterian church yesterday	15 00
Second Presbyterian church yesterday	12 00
Epiphany Mission yesterday	5 25
Other churches (estimated)	150 00

Relief headquarters 16 East Kiowa street will be open at 9 o'clock this morning and the committees in charge want all possible contributions to be made early, as they have undertaken a big proposition in the loading of two and possibly three cars in one day. A telephone call on Main 238 will bring an express wagon for supplies.

SAW 100 KILLED IN TWINKLING OF AN EYE IN SAN FRANCISCO

Ted Robinson Returns to Colorado Springs From Devastated Metropolis of Pacific Coast---Was Injured While Engaged in Work of Rescue---A Graphic Story.

[illegible]

Women Shriek

[illegible]

Chinese Buried Alive

[illegible]

Saves Fainting Girl

I did not realize the extent of the disaster of course but knew a great [illegible] A girl [illegible] fainted from [illegible] Picking her up I [illegible] her down on the lobby and [illegible] out of [illegible] for the time being. In the trip I sprained this ankle which put me out of commission to a certain extent.

It was after I had come back from my trip to the lobby that I first realized that I was not in a very presentable condition for street appearance. Pajamas are not conventional wearing apparel even on such a occasion as Friday morning was that morning. I hastened back to dress and then came down again and with several other people including the young woman whom I had carried down stairs secured a carriage and drove to Golden Gate park. I then came back down as far as the scene of the fire.

Sky Scrapers Rocked.

Never can those who did not witness the destruction of the metropolis of the Pacific coast appreciate the horrors of that scene. The dread which I felt when I saw 100 killed myself in a district which was almost safe compared to the spots where the fire was worst. Buildings tall structures of wood stone and steel rocked like slender trees almost met each other then settled back to their original positions. Some rocked once or twice they rocking as more fell with a roar a blinding rush of debris and dust to lie in heaps ready for the fierce tongues of flame which in the end accomplished the ruin of the city of the Golden Gate.

"And later after the shock—fire driven by wind rushed through the [illegible]

ESCAPED INJURY IN 'FRISCO AND MET CHILDREN HERE

After being driven from a hotel in San Francisco in their night robes sleeping all night on the grass in Golden Gate park driving between a row of dead bodies to the Oakland ferry landing, and coming by rail to Colorado Springs E P Wells, a Minneapolis banker and his wife, were surprised last night when they walked into the Alta Vista hotel and were met at the door by their son and daughter who were hurrying west from Minneapolis in search of their parents fearing their lives were lost in the San Francisco disaster. It was an emotional scene when they met one which those who witnessed it will never forget.

When news of the earthquake and fire reached Minneapolis Wednesday Mr Wells' son and daughter were early frantic in an effort to gain some news regarding their parents. They kept the telegraph wires hot until Thursday when they purchased tickets for San Francisco and started on a search for their parents. They arrived in Colorado Springs last night at 7 30 o'clock and went to the Alta Vista hotel intending to continue westward this morning. While standing in the hotel lobby half an hour later they heard the door open and saw their parents enter. Neither party expected the other and tears of joy accompanied the greeting Mr Wells said last night.

"It was an indescribable sensation that I felt when the earthquake occurred. Beyond the terror of the moment I have no impression of what went on. When we heard the walls falling about us we were in the Cecil hotel corner Bush and Lines streets—we threw bath robes about our shoulders and ran into the street. After a short time we returned to our room and dressed. We then tried to reach the ferries but could make no headway. Finally we hired a cab and drove out to Golden Gate park. We made our beds under a big tree that night and had nothing to eat but a loaf of bread which I purchased from a small store near the park. There were countless people sleeping on the ground near us that night in the park.

Thursday afternoon we succeeded in reaching the ferry building in a carriage. We had to drive over piles of brick mortar and wreckage and saw dead bodies lying along Market street. It was an awful sight. We spent Thursday night in Oakland and started for the east on Friday."

Mr and Mrs Wells were in the Windsor hotel New York when that famous hostelry was burned several years ago and both were rescued by firemen.

GOOD JUDGMENT is the essential characteristic of men and women. Invaluable to good business men and necessary to housewives. A woman shows good judgment when she buys White's Cream Vermifuge for her baby. The best worm medicine ever offered to mothers. Many indeed are the sensible mothers grateful for the good health of their children which they owe to the use of White's Cream Vermifuge. Sold by Heffley Arcadian Drug Co.

TO MAKE TEA IN PERFECTION

To have afternoon tea in perfection it is only necessary to follow the four following rules

1 Let the water be fresh from the faucet

2 Let the water boil furiously five minutes before using

3 Let the water remain on the leaves not less than seven, nor over ten minutes and then pour off in another heated vessel

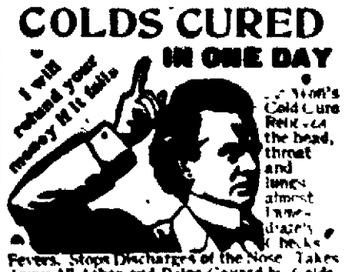
4 Use one teaspoonful of Dern's Diamond D No 1 $1.00 per pound No. 2 80 cents per pound No 3 60 cents per pound tea for every cup of water and if too strong reduce the quantity

Adhering to these simple rules procures the best and most harmless tonic the most exquisite flavor and the most inexpensive beverage known to civilization.

We serve coffee every Saturday afternoon and evening

DERN Tea & Coffee Co

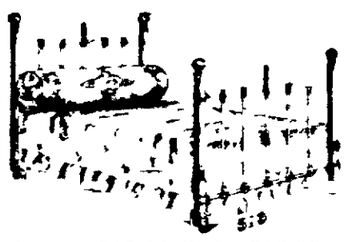
COLDS CURED IN ONE DAY

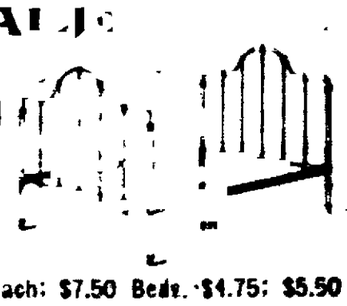


Dr Shoop's Cold Cure Relieves the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. Breaks Fevers. Stops Discharges of the Nose. Takes Away All Aches and Pains Caused by Colds. It cures Grip and obstinate Coughs and prevents [illegible]. Sold by all Druggists. 25c. DR. SHOOP'S

HIBBARD'S

CLEARING UP SALE OF Odd, Slightly Damaged Metal and Wood BEDS





Several $15.00 Beds, $10.00 each; $12.00 Beds at $8.35 each; $7.50 Beds, $4.75; $5.50 Beds, $3.35.

Every Bed in good condition except being slightly rubbed from handling.

A practical investment for close buyers.

The FRED S. TUCKER Furniture Co.

M. T. KNOWLES DEAD

Sudden Death of Rock Island B & B Superintendent

[illegible]

HALF RATE FROM ALL COAST CITIES

TRANSCONTINENTAL PASSENGER ASSOCIATION MAKES MARKED CONCESSIONS FOR CENTENNIAL.

[illegible]

This [illegible] received here yesterday [illegible] the Pike's Peak [illegible] celebration has received [illegible] from Pacific coast points will bring thousands of people to Colorado Springs [illegible] September [illegible] according to [illegible] passenger men [illegible] rate was made through Major S. H. Hooper general passenger agent of the D & R G who is attending the Los Angeles meeting of the Transcontinental Passenger association.

TO MEET ON JUNE 20

Colorado Negro Business Men Plan State Convention.

At a meeting held Saturday night in St John's Baptist church by the executive committee of the Colorado Negro Business Men's league the date for the coming convention of the league was set for June 20 in Pueblo. Plans for the convention were outlined. The delegates from the local chapter of the league are John H Jackson, G P Booze and the Rev Washington Gladden. Members of the executive committee who met there Saturday are J W Jackson of Denver, Wm Harper of Eastonville, C E Jackson of Aspen, W A Jones of Denver and the Rev. Washington Gladden of this city.

NO WORD FROM SON

G. R. Bartlett Was in Business in San Francisco.

The family of E C Bartlett 123 Colorado avenue is very much worried over the failure to receive any word from the oldest son, G R Bartlett a resident of San Francisco. Over two years ago he went to San Francisco and entered the confectionery business at 123 Masonic avenue residing near the store. According to some of the reports sent out Mr Bartlett's store is within the burned district, while other reports show that portion of Masonic avenue to be safe. The fact that no word of any kind has been received has created grave fears for his safety.

VESPER SERVICES

First Baptist Church Choir Gave Musical Program.

Assisted by other local musicians the choir of the First Baptist church gave a splendid musical program at the Colorado college vesper services yesterday afternoon in Perkins hall. The services which were entirely musical were in charge of the Rev Manley D Grimes. The choir sang Holden's Faster Triumph and Hopkins's Crossing the Bar. Mrs E E Tallaferro sang a soprano solo How Long Oh Lord Will Thou Forget Me? Frederick Curth violinist played a selection from Mendelssohn. John Doane gave Beethoven's prize for the organ.

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE

"The Firemen's Ward" at the Opera House Tonight.

For the benefit of the suffering thousands in San Francisco local talent will present The Firemen's Ward at the Opera house tonight. The Elks minstrel performers and vaudeville artists will do stunts between the acts. There is no expense connected with the performance and every cent made from the sale of tickets will be donated to the Colorado Springs relief fund. The show promises to be a good performance from curtain to curtain the cause is meritorious and Springs theater-goers are asked to turn out enmasse tonight.

GRAND BENEFIT FOR THE SAN FRANCISCO FIRE SUFFERERS

AT OPERA HOUSE.

Tonight, April 23

Another Performance by Local Talent. Presenting

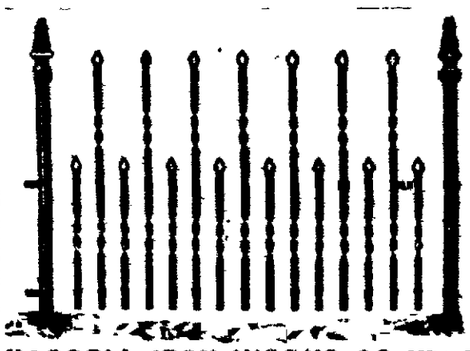
The Firemen's Ward

SPECIALTIES BETWEEN ACTS BY PROMINENT ELKS.

Tickets on sale at all of the big stores.

ADMISSION $1.00.

GIVEN BY AUTHORITY OF THE GENERAL RELIEF COMMITTEE

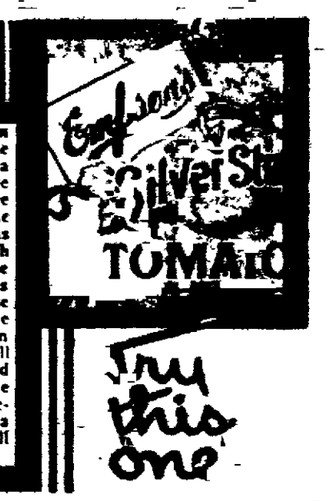


Beautify Your Lawn With Iron Fence

HASSELL IRON WORKS CO. Mfgs Structural Iron Brass and Iron Castings

Emphson's

TOMATO JELLY—Drain the liquor from a can of tomatoes, and put it over the fire with half a small onion sliced, a stalk of celery, a bay-leaf and a little parsley. Stew thirty minutes. Have ready for one pint of this liquor one fourth of a box of gelatine which has been soaked thirty minutes in enough cold water to cover it. Stir this into the tomato liquor, and when the gelatine has dissolved, season with salt and a little paprika or black pepper. Take from the fire strain, and set aside to cool. When it begins to stiffen, turn it into small molds first laying a disk of hard-boiled egg in the bottom of each of these. The cups should be wet with cold water before the jelly goes into them. Put in a cold place to form and serve each small mold on a lettuce-leaf.



Wilbur's

Women's Correct Wearing Apparel and Furnishings

$13.50 Spring Suits $10 00	$18.00 Spring Suits $15.00
$21.00 Spring Suits $17.50	$27.50 Spring Suits $25.00

Expert alterations without extra charge on these suits.

WILBUR SUIT CO.

SAVE MONEY ON Garden Hose

We are overstocked this spring on hose, on account of the manufacturer over-shipping our order. So, to get rid of it

We've Cut The Price

BLAKE'S ANTI-LEAK HOSE is the best cotton-covered hose and is guaranteed to wear

½-inch, regular price 11 1-2c special price

10c

¾-inch regular price 12 1-2c

11c

Our large stock of other hose and all lawn supplies at equally as low prices. Call and see.

A. S. BLAKE

107 N. Tejon

Or [illegible]

VIEWS OF D. C. MACWATTERS ON THE SIDEWALK QUESTION

D C MacWatters, general passenger agent for the Short Line and one of Colorado Springs most energetic boosters, is heartily in accord with the movement for a compulsory sidewalk ordinance in this city.

One of the greatest black eyes which Colorado Springs receives from tourists who flock here in summer and winter is continued complaint of the lack of sidewalks says Mr MacWatters.

"Many times while I have been traveling about the country booking tourist parties for the Springs the remark has been thrown up to me 'Oh yes, Colorado Springs is the place where they have no sidewalks.' While such remarks always bring me to the defense of the City of Sunshine still at the same time I know that it is a great drawback to the town from a tourist standpoint.

"Last winter I was walking up Pike's Peak avenue from the Santa Fe depot behind a crowd of visitors who had just arrived from the east. Water was standing in the middle of the so-called sidewalks, several inches deep, and the way those people 'knocked' the town for its sloppy thoroughfares was a caution. If it is impossible to have sidewalks in the residential district—but I doubt if believe this impossible—it does seem to me that we could have sidewalks on the streets leading directly from the depots to the hotels. One can walk from neither depot to the Antlers hotel in the winter time without wading ankle-deep in mud.

"In an interview in the Sunday Gazette, J I Franklin says that a fifty-foot front sidewalk six feet wide, would cost only $50. If this is true and I take it for granted that Mr Franklin knows what he is talking about because he made a thorough study of the sidewalk problem, I can see no reason why Colorado Springs should not be paved thoroughly and this at once. Let the people get busy and build sidewalks and we will have the hand-some town in the country and one to which the tourists will swarm both winter and summer in much greater numbers than now.

A Heavy Load to Carry.

Along with dyspepsia comes nervousness and general ill health. Why? Because a disordered stomach does not permit the food to be properly digested, and its products assimilated by the system. The blood is charged with poisons which arise from this disordered digestion, and in turn the nerves are not fed on good red blood, and we see symptoms of nervousness, sleeplessness and general breakdown. It is not head work, nor over physical exertion that does it but poor stomach work. With poor, thin blood the body is not protected against the attack of germs of grip, bronchitis and consumption. Fortify the body at once with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery—a rare combination of native medicinal roots without a particle of alcohol or dangerous habit-forming drugs.

A little book of extracts, from prominent medical authorities extolling every ingredient contained in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will be mailed free to any address on request by postal card or letter. Address Dr R. V Pierce, Buffalo, N Y.

Many years of active practice convinced Dr Pierce of the value of many native roots as medicinal agents and he went to great expense, both in time and in money, to perfect his own peculiar processes for rendering them both efficient and safe for public alterative and rebuilding agents.

The enormous popularity of "Golden Medical Discovery" is due both to its intelligent compounding and to the actual medicinal value of its ingredients. The publication of the names of the ingredients on the wrapper of every bottle, gives full assurance of its non alcoholic character and proves all objections to the use of an unknown or secret remedy. It is not a patent medicine nor a secret nostrum. This fact puts it on a close parity with everything as it does up every ingredient. The Ethics of Honesty, in the full list of its ingredients.

"The Golden Medical Discovery" cures, partly at least, indigestion, or dyspepsia, biliousness, torpid liver and biliousness, ulceration of the stomach and bowels and all catarrhal affections no matter what parts or organs may be affected with it. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills, first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Much imitated but never equalled. Sugar-coated, easy to take as candy. One to a dose.

RUN WILL BREAK FORMER RECORDS

SPECIAL TRAIN TO TAKE COLORADOANS TO WORLD'S CONVENTION LEAVES HERE ON JUNE 2.

The fastest train which has ever made the run between Colorado Springs and New York city will leave this city at 10 40 o'clock on the morning of June 2 and arrive at America's metropolis June 4 at 5 00 p m. The run will be made via the Rock Island, Michigan Central and New York Central railroads and no stops longer than three minutes will be allowed.

This train has been chartered by the Knights of Columbus and members of the American Medical Psychological association residing in Colorado, who will go east as delegates to their conventions. Several cars have been engaged by Denver delegates and Colorado Springs people will occupy two cars.

The train will be composed of Pullmans with special parlor and buffet cars. Local arrangements for the record-breaking journey are being made by W W Wood city agent of the Rock Island.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

10% of all Sales TODAY

Goes to the

San Francisco Sufferers

Buy Today at Our Big Sale and Save Money and swell the LOCAL FUND

Robbins ON THE CORNER

MODERN EQUIPMENT AT THE PLEASANT VALLEY PROPERTY

IDAHO SPRINGS, Colo.—The Pleasant Valley Mining and Milling company, operating the mines of the Banty Hill ranch in Elkhorn gulch just over the line of Gilpin county, is the most conspicuous example of development of economic facilities now going forward in the district. The Banty Hill mines are among the oldest and best known in the district. They have been worked for two decades and have yielded well at all times. The mines are opened in many places and to a considerable extent and thereby the character of the lodes and the rather complex formation and system of veins and dykes have been fully exploited and demonstrated to such purpose as to leave but little of theory or guess work in the analysis of the industrial problem of the best system of working.

Within the last week a thoroughly modern mill has been put into commission and is now running steadily with satisfactory results. The mill is constructed in two units, one for straight concentration, the other equipped for amalgamation and secondary concentration. The concentration is an adaption of the regular system in use throughout Clear Creek county, and consists of crusher, rolls, screens, two six-compartment jigs, a Huntington mill or stamps for recrushing the coarse and finally a battery of Card and Wilfley tables and Wilfley slimers.

The Pleasant Valley company has built an extension of the Gilpin tramway tracks, three and one-half miles to the property and has laid a complete system of tracks, switches and spurs, of the same gauge as the tram, connecting the several mines and the mill. Upon these the company has a sufficient number of four-ton steel cars to handle the business of the property and the Gilpin cars can be run to any point with coal or supplies or to receive shipments.

The mines are now receiving attention and will within a few days be cleared of water and cleaned up ready for mining. In the meantime ample stores of ore lie in the bins and piles to keep the mill busy and the immense dumps built of material that under former conditions was valuless will be treated.

The mining property consists of 234 acres in which are seventy known veins. O fthese only nine are developed at all. Three shafts are being worked at present. The Hill shaft 550 feet deep, the Gold shaft 130 feet and the American flag 90 feet, upon which a hoisting plant is now being erected. A large plant of mining machinery on the Hill shaft furnishes compressed air for the drills in each of the other workings and the pumps there supply the mill with water. Eventually the Hill shaft will be the central avenue for the mining of the entire property, as the Hill vein is the key to the entire system of veins.

The company is incorporated with $200,000 capital and its shares are now selling at $2.50 per share. The company is practically a close corporation and is soundly financed.—Gazette.

WORKING FORCES INCREASED AT THE CLEAR CREEK MINES

GEORGETOWN, Colo.—Enlarged development work is being put under way on a number of big enterprises of upper Clear creek. So great has been the demand for skilled miners during the past week that it has been necessary to visit other sections and offer top wages. In the Argentine district trammers and muckers receive $3.25 to $3.75 a day, while those skilled are being paid as high as $4 to $5 a day.

The Waldorf Mining company has increased the working force by over 60 men during the past ten days. Out of this number 40 were sent to the Wilcox tunnel, while 20 or more have been put to work on the famous Stevens mine in West Argentine. Extensive development work is promised for both properties throughout the summer months, and it is needless to state that a record-breaking production will result. The Wilcox tunnel, in 4,200 feet, is to be driven 1,000 additional feet with all possible speed. A contract for the work has been awarded to Peter Hector, and everything is in shape for continued operations. When the objective is reached the heading will be cut under the ninth level of the Stevens mine, at which time all ore from that old producer will find an outlet through the main tunnel, where it will be shipped direct over the Argentine Central railroad. In addition to this work, drifting is being prosecuted on a number of veins, principal among which are the Paymaster, Independence, Commonwealth and 1904. In all cases more or less mineral is exposed, this being true especially of the Paymaster, from which it is expected to ship from 50 to 75 tons daily of smelting material on and after May 1. The concentrating plant is running on full time, and there is awaiting shipment over 200 tons of concentrates. Large ore bins have been constructed capable of holding 1,000 tons, and Manager Wilcox has assured the local sampler that he will be prepared to market on an average of 100 tons daily throughout the summer months. At the Stevens mine the mill, with a capacity of 100 tons daily, has been put into commission after an enforced close down of 60 days, owing to the freezing of the pipe line. This mill is running on dump matter, and ore left in the old stopes. There is enough material on hand to keep the machinery in constant motion for a period of at least four years, it is estimated. At the Tobin tunnel, another big force is to be put to work, and operations will be centered on driving the bore ahead, besides drifting on cross lodes that have been intercepted.—Mining Record.

SAMPLING THE WILFLEY GROUP

PURCHASER WILL TREATURE REPORT OF SHOOTS PROGRESSING ILL—TO INCREASE OUTPUT.

KOKOMO, Colo.—The new company before erecting its mill on the Wilfley group is doing some extensive sampling all over this property, which consists of 32 patented claims. Three experts are engaged. The mill is turning out large quantities of high grade concentrates. Reports state that immense bodies are to be seen both in the Wilfley and Milo properties. This group has been a large producer since 1879, and is still the largest daily shipper of the camp. The ore is a heavy iron sulphide running well in gold, silver, lead, iron and zinc. Charles Colcord, the manager, is pushing development. Expectations are that the property will output much more this season than formerly.

The Breese group is also a large producer of similar ore, and shows large bodies of sulphides.

The Michigan on Sheep mountain, is shipping a paper of iron sulphides. The property is under lease to George J. McDonald, who has been working this mine for several years.

Union Consolidated ground on Gold hill is showing up well under the management of M. Gagan. A large body of good milling ore was recently struck in the new tunnel, which is in 1,400 feet or more. The Union bids fair to soon become one of our large producers.

Considerable work is being done in the Mayflower gulch section, and some good strikes have been made. Among the most prominent properties are the Bird's Nest group, with several good pay veins opened up. This property promises to develop into a rich gold proposition. Another property which promises big things this summer is the Day Rock, which lies near the Bird's Nest. A five-foot vein was recently struck running $200 in gold. The Black Prince, Robert Emmett, and many others have good pay ore. Many of these properties are to be worked this season. Quite a stir will be made in this much neglected section when snow disappears.

DEVIL'S ISLAND TORTURE

is no worse than the terrible case of Piles that afflicted me 10 years. Then I was advised to apply Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and less than a box permanently cured me, writes L. S. Napier, of Rugles, Ky. Heals all wounds. Burns and Sores like magic. 25c at the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

RAILROADS AND TUNNELS TO RELIEVE PERIODICAL DELAYS

Bad Roads Cause Serious Annoyance and Decrease Output in the Leadville District---Grand Trunk Mill to Be Placed in Operation.

LEADVILLE, Colo. The bad condition of the roads in several sections of Leadville's producing district are a cause of serious annoyance, expense and decreased output this season. The West Rock Hill mines, including the Reindeer, Bessie Wiggs and Sequin, have been hampered, the former to the extent of laying off a considerable force, in fact actually ceasing production pending the drying up of the roads. Two expensive efforts has already been expended on the Breece hill section at the road to Ibex. Several properties along the west of the valley from St. Kevin, through Lake park to Sugar Loaf and south of the latter, are either unable to ship or have ceased work because necessary supplies and machinery can not at present be brought in. Ore is being piled in East Tennessee gulch awaiting the summer season. While a half dozen properties on North Prospect in Birdseye, French and adjacent gulches are being worked, they are only the advance guard of numerous prospecting parties projected for the development of that great area when the snow is off.

Tunnels Aid Exploration.

The only remedies to these periodical interruptions of active mining and prospecting must come from gradual extensions of railroad facilities throughout the district and from enlarged use of tunnel enterprises. The Yak is a splendid example of what a modern tunnel can do in the way of aiding the exploitation of extensive acreage along its lines. There are locations in the Leadville district for a score of tunnels offering feasible facilities for developing large areas of territory. This year is likely to witness the inception of at least a couple of tunnels which may fortunately rival the Yak in their substantial utility and productiveness.

The Iron Silver Mining company continues in activity and energy in the opening up of its magnificent acreages of rich mineral ground which entitles that property to a first place among the important producers of the district. The output at the present time is restricted to 2,000 tons monthly, of which probably 800 tons belong one or the several grades of zinc ore produced at the Moyer. A large tonnage could be made if there were smelting facilities for the clean iron sulphides. The South Moyer is kept up to its best traditions as a shipper. The present North Moyer is not producing so largely as it did in the past months, but necessary development and underground improvements are going on, the former resulting in opening up some fine bodies of copper sulphides.

New Power Plant.

There will be installed this year at the North Moyer a great compressor and new electric plant and power will be transferred from this point for the operation of all shafts and working of the Iron Silver Mining company.

The Tucson shaft is now down about 808 feet and has already passed into about 50 feet of the great iron-zinc sulphides shown to exist there by the diamond drill. It is expected that within ten feet the shaft will be through the mineral body and it will be continued to about 100 feet below the present depth. The ore body is thought to dip rapidly and when the shaft is carried well below it drifting of permanent value can be done to open up the mine. As a number of other instances here where drilling was done into ore bodies the Tucson proves to be of greater thickness than the drill showed. This is accounted for by the fact that frequently ores will not make caves and consequently the contents of reaches in the drill hole must be problematical until a shaft has gone down to determine them.

The Dome new shaft is the scene of active prospecting of that portion of Rock hill, but no ore is coming out at present. On the whole the Iron mine is doing splendidly, and Superintendent Carson is to be congratulated on the smooth progress in all directions under his management.

Progress on Mammoth.

After passing through about 15 feet of ore of a fine quality the Mammoth shaft is now in line and should get down to the vein within a few days, when Manager Sons will feel better, because he will have something substantial for his shaft to rest upon. The water flow does not increase and, in a general way, the Mammoth is going down most satisfactorily. The Reynolds property is being gradually unwatered, and a short period should see it in condition for a vigorous campaign of development.

The west drift of the Brattleboro, in which a new discovery of mineral was made recently, is looking excellent and promises well for becoming an important producer.

Manager John Bray of the Grand Trunk mine returns today to that property, where he has now been five months in charge of the tunnel work being done to cut through the Grand Trunk vein at great depth. The tunnel is now in 2,900 feet. Meantime, some veins of good gold ore have been opened by the tunnel, the last of which, cut recently, carrying four and a half ounces. About six men are employed driving the tunnel, but the force will be increased to about 75 men in the near future and the great mill owned by the Grand Trunk will be started up. Mr. Bray's brother accompanies him and will probably accept a responsible position in connection with the mine.

The Lou Dillon shaft in Iowa gulch is making good sinking progress and is still in lime. The water increases but slowly and so as to interfere but little with the work.

Helena Mine Leased.

It is reported that the Helena mine is taken over on lease by Mr. Brennaman on behalf of a strong St. Louis company. The buildings and gallows frame are now under construction, and it is proposed to sink the shaft an additional 200 feet. The history of the Helena and its vicissitudes under management which directed affairs from the sporting resorts of the city and yet produced ore enough to pay out the laborers after the treasury provided by the lessees of that time was squandered, lend a particular interest to the reopening of the property in the minds of many old-timers.

P. Kruger, manager of the Unexpected group of claims at Robinson, has let a contract to Thomas and Musselman of Leadville to sink a shaft 100 feet on the Unexpected claim. They have now an eight-inch vein of $300 ore in sight, and they will sink the shaft to get down lower on the ore. This mine is next to the Old Wheel of Fortune, and has been stocked to 400,000 shares.—Mining Record.

DEVELOPMENT OF BOULDER MINES

STRONG COMPANY WITH EXCELLENT PROSPECTS IS DEVELOPING PROPERTY FOR PRODUCTION.

BOULDER, Colo.—The Fortune Dyke Gold Mining company, operating at Gold hill and Jamestown are steadily pushing development with the view of opening up enough ore to maintain a steady production, when shipments once commence. Manager Wilson reports that the cross-cut from King No. 1 to No. 2 is now in about 60 feet and that he expects to cut King No. 2 within the next fifteen feet. From surface indications where the vein shows strong and carries good values, there is every reason to expect splendid results below and when this vein is encountered, sinking will commence in the shaft which will be run at least 300 feet deeper and the various levels run on the ore.

On the Jamestown property the company has just let a contract for driving their tunnel 250 feet further and in driving this distance will be cut four different veins which carry good values on the surface.

Development work is being prosecuted by this company along the lines of a steady and continuous production to carry the development to that stage where, when production commences, a sufficient ore body will be opened up to maintain it and permit development to go on, always ahead of the miners taking out ore.

In this, as in so many of the mining propositions now being developed, it is gratifying to see the old methods give way to sane and business-like development of the county's mineral resources.—Boulder Miner.

PROVING ORE SHOOT IN BRATTLEBORO

LEADVILLE, Colo.—The recent strike made in the west drift of the Brattleboro is holding out well and enough work has been done on it to prove that it is not a pocket, but a large ore shoot. It is still dipping under the drift, so a new shaft will have to be sunk underneath the ore shoot.

A little farther up the gulch the lessees on the Little Ella are shipping in the neighborhood of 25 tons daily of good ore, and from the Favorite the Green brothers are taking out the same tonnage that net them $30 per ton. By the beginning of June the Greens will sink the shaft. The character of the ore is a lead carbonate.

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SPENDS $100,000 IN DEVELOPMENT

ILLINOIS-PENNSYLVANIA CONCERN TAKES OVER JEFFERSON AND OTHER HIGH GRADE SHIPPERS.

CENTRAL CITY, Colo.—An important deal has been closed in the transfer to the Jefferson-Calhoun Mining company of the Jefferson, West Jefferson, West Calhoun and Capital Prize, on Quartz hill. While the consideration is not stated, it represents one of the largest deals made in the county for a long time.

The Chicago and west Pennsylvania capitalists who have become interested will spend over $100,000 in the development of the group, put in new machinery, erect buildings and sink the Jefferson and West Calhoun shafts to the 1,000-foot mark. They will develop the property on an extensive scale, with no effort at production, but in preparation for future heavy and regular output. The property is over the Central and Lucania deep tunnels and only a few hundred feet west of the Newhouse, hence its vein will be cut at depths of over 2,000 feet. It is also in the center of one of the richest areas in Colorado, which is credited with upwards of $50,000,000 in gold and should in a short time be one of our greatest producers. Lessees have been extracting high grade smelting ores carrying values of $350 to $500 per ton, mostly gold.

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your cough is only in the throat and does not trouble you now, don't think that it needs no attention. When it has not had much of a start is the time to check it. The slightest cough easily leads to Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Consumption. A bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup will cure that cough. The price puts it within reach of all. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

SONS OF VETERANS TO SEND RELIEF

CINCINNATI, April 22.—Commander-in-Chief H. V. Speelman has issued an appeal to the Order of Sons of Veterans for help for the victims of the San Francisco catastrophe. Contributions should be sent to division Commander George W. Conart, Ballard building, Los Angeles.

MINERAL COLLECTION SAVED.

LOS ANGELES, April 22.—Miss Ruth Aubury of this city received today a message from her father, Lewis Aubury, state mineralogist, announcing that he saved from harm the state's invaluable mineral collection in the ferry building.

Correct Wear for Spring

Gray predominates, of course, but business men are running also to blue serges, tweed plaids, and other mixed fabrics for business wear. Price $10 to $25. Spring top coats and cravenettes in remarkable varieties at $10 to $25.

THE HUB 18-20 S. TEJON ST.

MINT PROPERTY HAS GOOD ORE

LESSEES OPEN TWO-FOOT STREAK OF SMELTING STUFF AND IMMENSE BODY OF MILLING ORE.

EMPIRE, Colo.—The old Mint property on Covode mountain has passed under the control of the Gilpin-American company, one of the successful promotions of the Benzie Investment company, of Denver, whose plans indicate a systematic development of a mine, that while an intermittent producer for some years past of ore of good quality, has never been brought to that condition of permanent output that its prospect stage warranted. A lease granted to Lundstrom and Buc of Empire, both experienced miners, resulted in the discovery of an ore shoot that carried a two-foot streak of fine smelting character and an immense body of mill stuff that trial proves to contain excellent values when concentrated on a seven to one basis. The showing made by the leasers attracted the attention of the Benzie people who made a successful bid for the lease and bond in behalf of the Gilpin-American company, and a force of men now employed are opening out one of the best deposits ever found in the camp. A 100-ton shipment is now going forward and a steady and increasing output can be maintained when stoping is commenced as the vertical distance to the surface is several hundred feet. Returns from 74 tons recently shipped to the Waltham reduction and cyanide plant of Idaho Springs, showed $324 saved on the amalgamating plates and 12 tons of concentrates worth $40 per ton. Grading is now in progress for the installation of a compressor that will operate several air drills and Superintendent William Prout announces the intention to advance the heading of the old adit through an ore body now coming in at that point. Meanwhile the new workings, aided by the power drills, will furnish a daily output averaging 20 tons.—Mining Gazette.

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SHIPPING $250 ORE FROM THE HILLHOUSE

CENTRAL CITY, Colo.—A shipment of smelting ore from the Hillhouse mine in Russell district has returned the following values: Gold, $159; silver, $28.25; copper, $62; a total of $250. The Hillhouse mine was recently bought by Providence (R. I.) parties, who are represented here by F. H. Symonds. The Hillhouse has a good past record and has not as yet been developed to any great extent. With this another high-grade producer is recorded in the Russell district.

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THE BAKER'S DOZEN.

Some persons, including a few encyclopedists, are inclined to think that the baker's dozen originated when heavy fines were considered necessary to counterbalance light weights, and the bakers, in order to insure full weight, took the precaution to add an additional unit. Some have called it the devil's dozen, because thirteen was the number of witches who used to ride their broomsticks to the "black mass" of Satan. The baker's great book in the Astor library has another story of its origin.

Jan Pietersen, of Amsterdam, was a good churchman, but nevertheless he was afraid of being bewitched. On the last night of 1654 he sat in his bakeshop trying to keep out the evil spirits by priming himself with a glass of good spirits. Sales had been brisk. There were no customers in the shop for the moment, and he sat back, meditating on the gains he would make on the morrow, when the fresh New Years cakes were put on sale. He was startled by a sudden rap. An ugly woman pushed the door open.

"Give me a dozen New Years cookies," she cried in a shrill voice.

The shrilness of her voice did not mean anything to his slow Dutch mind. It only annoyed him.

"Well, then, you needn't speak so loud," said Jan. "I'm not deaf."

"A dozen!" she screamed. "Give me a dozen. Here are only twelve."

"Well, then, twelve is a dozen."

"One more! I want a dozen."

"Well, then if you want another, go to the devil and get it."

The hag left the shop, but from that night Jan had trouble. The shop seemed to be bewitched. His cakes were stolen. Either his bread was so light that it soared up the chimney, or so heavy that the supports of the oven gave way beneath the burden. His wife became deaf; his children went wild. His trade took wings and settled in the shops of his rivals. Three times the old woman returned, and each time was directed to the devil's sanctum. At last, in despair, the baker called upon St. Nicholas to assist him. The venerable patron of Dutch feasts delivered a lecture on charity, telling the trembling man to be more generous in the future. Then he vanished, and in his place stood the hag, who repeated her demand for one more cake. Jan acceded, whereupon she exclaimed, "The spell is broken; from this time one dozen is thirteen." Taking from the counter a gingerbread effigy of St. Nicholas, she made the subdued Dutchman lay his hand upon it and swear to give more liberal measure in the future. Since that time thirteen has been called a baker's dozen.—New York Tribune.

A [illegible] SOVEREIGN DISCIPLINES HIS UNCLE.

When the Prussian Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm married the Duchess Cecile of Mecklenburg-Schwerin last February the alliance gave satisfaction to his father, the Deutsche kaiser, for two reasons: the grand ducal house of Mecklenburg claims to be the oldest ruling in Europe and the only reigning family in Germany of Slavonic origin. Thus a Hohenzollern became united with the descendant of a contemporary of Charlemagne's; thus the kaiser strengthened his bonds with the Slavonic peoples. Moreover, the reigning grand duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Friedrich Franz IV, brother of Cecile, is an ardent admirer of the German kaiser and strives to emulate him. He has just given an example of this characteristic by exerting the prerogative of the head of a German reigning house in a family matter.

The grand duke has no brothers and only one sister besides Cecile, the Duchess Alexandrine, who married in 1896 Prince Christian, who recently became, on the death of his grandfather, crown prince of Denmark. But he has several aunts and uncles who give him more or less annoyance. Conspicuous among them is Duke Paul Friedrich, his father's eldest brother. Duke Paul is of the independent sort, and, owing to his extensive travels, has ceased to regard, as he recently expressed it, the German kaiser "as the most illustrious contemporary of the Almighty and little Franz as his archangel."

Duke Paul is a very religious man, and was recently received into the Roman Catholic church, thereby renouncing all hereditary rights to the grand duchy for himself and his descendants. The duke also spends considerable money, and is regarded by his model nephew as improvident. For these and other reasons the latter has ordered Duke Paul and his wife, formerly Princess Marie of Windisch-

WANTED MALE HELP.

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WANTED—A barber for the Alta Vista Hotel shop. One who has his own fixtures can get long time and permanent place.

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LOST.

LOST—Plain gold signet ring, initials P. E. D. on inside. Reward $5.00. Return Hugh Davis, 18 Out West Block.

LOST in the manitou circle, one and one-half cents per foot on Blake's "Antlers" hose.

Graetz, to submit to the guardianship of the controller of the royal household. Duke Paul, who is 54 years of age, while the grand duke, his nephew, is only 24, resents this action, and threatens to take up his abode in Russia.

OUR POOR COMMUNICATIONS WITH SOUTH AMERICA

Surprise is frequently expressed in a tone of something like indignation that the South American peoples do comparatively so little business with the United States, but persist in obtaining the greater part of their supplies in the European market. This circumstance admits of an easy explanation. It is not the fact that the South Americans refuse to deal with us out of spite because they do not like the Monroe Doctrine or because they suspect us of entertaining designs on their territory, and it is probably untrue that they are not suited with American made commodities. The real trouble seems to be that the means of communication between this country and the southern hemisphere are so pitifully inadequate to the need.

Special Agent Hutchinson, writing from Antofagasta to the Department of Commerce and Labor, supplies some interesting particulars upon this point. They are not new, but they are pertinent and important and they ought to be kept in the public eye until the remedy whose necessity they indicate has been applied. Take the case of an American wishing to go from this city to beautiful and thriving Buenos Ayres, the brilliant capital of the Argentine Republic. He has the choice of two alternatives. He can either take passage from New York to Rio Janeiro on one of the infrequent steamships that make the passage and transship at that port on some European vessel; or he can cross the Atlantic and proceed to his destination from London or Liverpool or Hamburg, or some other terminus of a South American steamship line. Think of the time this roundabout route would occupy and of the money it would cost; and, of course, the shipper of freight is confronted by the same unfavorable conditions.

It is the same thing with Valparaiso and other points on the western South American coast. There is no means of direct water transit. The American traveler must make his choice between crossing the Isthmus of Panama on the railroad, transshipping from Rio Janeiro or proceeding to some European port. This is a terrible handicap on the establishment of commercial relations and it is not the only one. The inferiority of our postal service is another. This latter is described by Mr. Hutchinson as inadequate, irregular, infrequent and uncertain. European mails arrive at and depart from Buenos Ayres on an average of about twice a week and they occupy several days less in transit than the monthly "quick" service from New York. In many cases mail from New York to Buenos Ayres is from four to five weeks on the way.

So long as these conditions continue we cannot hope to get what we ought to get of the South American trade and to ameliorate those conditions is one of the objects of the ship subsidy bill in the hands of the house committee on interstate commerce. That bill should be favorably reported at once.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

HUMAN BLOOD MARKS.

A tale of horror was told by marks of human blood in the home of J. W. Williams, a well known merchant of Bac, Ky. He writes: "Twenty years ago I had severe hemorrhages of the lungs and was near death when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery. It completely cured me and I have remained well ever since." It cures Hemorrhages, Chronic Coughs, Settled Colds and Bronchitis, and is the only known cure for Weak Lungs. Every bottle guaranteed by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

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WANTED—Waist and skirt makers at once. Room 409 DeGraff Building.

WANTED—First class cook with references. Apply 108 N. Cascade.

Employment bureau, 308 DeGraff bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Mrs. J. Rhind. Phone Main 8.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper, young man; best references, desires position. A-348, Gazette.

EXPERIENCED lady wants day work. Call 40 S. Nevada Ave., rear.

WANTED—Day's work by colored woman. Good laundress. 329 W. Monument.

WANTED—Day work. Call or address Miss Bryant, care postoffice.

WANTED AGENTS.

AGENTS: "THE AWFUL DESTRUCTION OF SAN FRANCISCO." Large book, containing complete account of this dreadful catastrophe, also eruption of MT. VESUVIUS. Illustrated from photographs taken on the spot. Retail price, $1.50. $10 a day profit. Best terms. Credit given. Freight paid. Send 10c for complete outfit. AMERICAN EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE, 125 Plymouth Place, Chicago.

AGENTS—Sell San Francisco Disaster book; 500 page illustrations; highest commissions. Freight paid. Credit. Send 10c postage for outfit; also beautiful FREE household premiums. American Publishing House, Chicago.

THE COMPLETE STORY OF THE GREAT SAN FRANCISCO EARTHQUAKE, written by eye-witnesses. Complete set of actual photographs. Big book; best terms. Big Money; agents are already taking from fifteen to forty orders a day. Send 10c for complete outfit. NOW READY. Be first in your field. THE COLUMBIA HOUSE, Chicago.

WANTED—TO RENT HOUSES.

WANTED—HOUSES TO RENT. WE ARE making a specialty of renting, having a man who devotes his entire time to the purpose. If you have a desirable property that is vacant, we can rent it for you quick. Try us.

YATES & McCLAIN,
The Hustling Real Estate Firm,
15, 16, 17, 18, 18½ El Paso Bldg.
Phone Main 270.

WANTED—6 or 7-room unfurnished modern cottage, close in. Call 116 E. Boulder.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

TENNIS COURT WANTED. Small club of young men wanted to rent part playing privileges on court in or near city, or will consider renting private ground on which to make court. Address Z-52, Gazette.

WANTED—Painting, tinting and decorating. Nothing but pure material used by us. Call or address 1608 N. Corona St. Jardine & Son.

WANTED—Cast-off clothing, boots, furniture, in fact anything. Send postal or phone 478-B. People's Mission, Poor Relief depot, 22 W. Huerfano.

WANTED—To borrow $150.00 or $200.00 on good realty security; no agents. Address K. Gazette.

WOMAN wants day work. 20½ West Moreno.

WANTED—Sewing in private family. Address A-365, Gazette.

WANTED—Iron double bedstead and mattress or cot; must be cheap. Address A-341, Gazette.

WIRE netting wanted; about 150 feet second hand wire netting. Address Z-53, Gazette.

WANTED—Good set heavy runabout harness, with collar. Address A-362, Gazette.

CASH paid for men's clothing. Write or call 12½ E. Huerfano St.

LUMBER wanted suitable for building board fence. Address 252, Gazette.

HIGH price paid gent's left-off clothes. 606-A, 3 W. Huerfano.

THOMAS ALLEN, house cleaner, office Temple theater. Phone Black 321.

WANTED—Diamonds, ¾ to 1½ carats; also old gold and silver. 12 N. Tejon.

WANTED—Good second hand set of coach harness. Address A-363, Gazette.

FOR SALE FURNITURE.

ENTIRE furnishings and furniture of a ten-room house, all of good quality and clean condition, good rugs, large velvet Brussels, hall carpet and stair carpet, hall tree, fine upright folding bed, with large mirror, iron beds, box couch, new oak heater and other goods. Monday and Tuesday. 317 South Tejon St.

FOR SALE—Solid mahogany furniture, brass bed, birdseye maple dresser, etc. Call at storage, 238 N. Tejon. Time if desired.

FURNISHINGS for 5-room house for [illegible] very cheap. 1804 Colo. Ave.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHICAGO PORTABLE HOUSE CO. Telephone 606-A; 304 W. Huerfano.

LAWN mowers sharpened, repaired, and adjusted. E. H. Morse, 111 E. Huerfano.

TRANSFER AND STORAGE.

PIANO & household goods packed, moved and stored. 225 N. Tejon. Phone 606.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.
We have a 5-room house and [illegible] located in the 400 block [illegible] belonging to non-residents who are anxious to sell, the price at [illegible] Have cash will buy it.
SCHISLER-SPEER REALTY CO.
16 S. Tejon St.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN.
Six rooms and barn, good lot, north. Terms to suit.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Sole Agents.
26-27 Midland Block.

CHEAPEST BUY IN TOWN. MODERN 8-room house, two lots, shade and fruit trees, barn and outbuildings, terms to suit customer, sale for actual cash. Apply 408 N. Walnut St.

6-ROOM house, San Rafael district, fine new location, $1,300; [illegible] per cent mortgage. See owner, W. Pike's Peak.

BOWELL lots S. E. cor. 19th and Marquette, $225.00; inside lot, $150; [illegible] the easy terms. 7 N. Tejon.

MONEY to loan on real estate at Frankline, 116 E. Pike's Peak Avenue.

HOMES and lots on small monthly payments. Harper & Warner, 1012 Colo. Ave.

TWO three-room houses, $17 and $200, ground lease $1.50. 524 N. Prospect.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ROOMS AND BOARD—Table board. Mrs. Walter A. Dunsn, 117 N. Nevada.

LARGE or small rooms, steam heat, with board. 18 Boulder Crescent.

BOARD and rooms; large front room. 309 N. Nevada. Phone Red 1715.

TWO pleasant rooms with board; reasonable rates. 318 E. Kiowa.

CLEAN sunny rooms, or first-class board and rooms. 412 N. Tejon.

ROOMS and board, also sleeping porch. Miss Callahan, 2003 N. Tejon St.

BOARD AND ROOMS. Table board. Mrs. Call, 25 W. Bijou. Phone Black 162.

ROOM and board, sleeping porch. The McGregor Inn, 712 N. Tejon.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PSYCHIC MEDIUM, readings daily, test meetings Thursday and Sunday evenings. 20 East Pike's Peak, upstairs.

MRS. THOMPSON, clairvoyant, 50c and $1.00. Hours 9 to 8. 26 S. Nevada.

FOR SALE—RANCHES.

LAND that is cheaper than rent or leasing and increasing should be worth investigating. $1.75 per acre; 1-10 down, 10 years' credit.
UNION PACIFIC LAND AGENCY,
1025 17th St., Denver Colorado.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

CHOICE large [illegible] dogwood, spirea, climbing roses, forsythia, purple and white lilacs, syringa, Norway spruce, [illegible] Hardy garden flowers and vines. Tomboldt's [illegible] 403 E. Boulder.

FOR SALE Small eight horse power upright steam engine. Good condition. Must be sold. Address E. care Gazette.

FOR SALE One fine mahogany piano, only used six months; big bargain for $350.00. Heist Music Co., 19 N. Tejon St.

FOR SALE—One 12 horse power electric motor, good condition, cheap. Must be sold. Address Motor, care Gazette.

THE cigar ticket stand in Colo. City must be sold at once, doing a good cash business. Address Box 42, Colorado City.

PLENTY of shavings for horse bedding and kindling wood delivered. The Newton Lumber Mfg. Co.

A BARGAIN—Complete photo engraving plant, only one in town, can be made a money maker. Your [illegible] 221 S. Weber.

WHEEL with coaster brake for sale cheap. Apply 819 Arcadia Place.

HOME-GROWN shade and ornamental trees, 10 up; fruit trees, shrubs, roses, vines, small fruit. 106 Cheyenne Road.

SALE—Special chair, massage tables, surgical instruments, microscope, medical books. 256 E. Vermijo.

NEW HOME sewing machine for $8.00 cash. Geo. L. Bird Piano Co., 31 N. Tejon.

FRESH dairy cows for sale; also fine tourist team. 416 N. Corona St.

FOR SALE—One walnut organ, good as new, $27.00. Heist Music Co., 19 N. Tejon.

FOR SALE—Majestic steel range, double oven, at bargain. 723 S. Nevada.

BARRED Plymouth Rock hens, also cock and cockerel. 1428 North Corona.

HOMES and lots on small monthly payments. Harper & Warner, 1012 Colo. Ave.

$150.00 TENT, 12x14, will sell for $8.50. See this. 421 W. Cucharras.

FOR SALE—Combination book case and writing desk, oak, $9.00. 1512 Grant Ave.

ONE Kimball organ, fine condition, $10.00. Heist Music Co., 19 N. Tejon St.

FOR SALE—Edison Mimeograph, size G, nearly new. Inquire business office.

FOR SALE—Old papers, 25c per hundred. papers at Gazette office.

$300 PIANO for $175, some furniture. 602 West Pike's Peak.

FOR SALE—Woman's wheel, cheap. 316 E. St. Vrain.

PROBABLY you need not

carry that "last straw" in your business. If you can use another phone, advertise in The Gazette

"HELP WANTED"

column. It will settle it for 10 cents.

TO RENT FURNISHED ROOMS.

Furn. rooms, modern, single or en suite, with or without board; home cooking; rates reasonable. The Alpha, 872 N. Tejon.

3 FURNISHED rooms for housekeeping, modern; no small children. 1005 N. Corona.

PLEASANT rooms, housekeeping privileges; also small room cheap. 529 N. Nevada.

FURNISHED rooms, all modern conveniences. 1517 N. Weber. Phone Black 872.

ROOMS for light housekeeping. 120 E. Boulder.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, modern house. 221 E. Vermijo.

FOR RENT—Three rooms, furnished, for housekeeping. 622 N. Corona.

THE [illegible] Best heat, best location; rooms $2 to $4 week. 122½ E. P. Peak.

ROOMS—Privilege of kitchen; ladies only. Mrs. Faulkner, 30 W. Rio Grande St.

FOR RENT—Tastefully easy new two-roomed furnished cottage. 312 S. Weber.

3 NICE rooms for housekeeping in a modern house. 232 E. Willamette.

LARGE front rooms, closets, bath, on car line. 715 Colo. Ave., Springs.

ROOMS, single or en suite; table board; rates reasonable. 408 S. Tejon.

ROOMS—Strictly modern, for light housekeeping. 707 N. Tejon St.

ELEGANT rooms and sleeping porch, 321 N. Wahsatch St.

3-ROOM cottage and housekeeping rooms, good location. 1007 Washington Ave.

4 PLEASANT housekeeping rooms, first floor, bath. 427 E. Platte.

ROOMS for rent, modern, close in. Inquire 313 N. Nevada.

[illegible] housekeeping rooms, 230 E. High.

FOUND.

FOUND by the purchaser, one and one half cents per foot on Blake's "Antlers" hose.

FOR RENT OFFICES.

FOR RENT—Office [illegible] in Cheyenne Building, second floor. Apply [illegible]

TO RENT FURNISHED HOUSES.

FOR RENT—June 1st to October 1st, attractive furnished cottage. Seven rooms, including four bedrooms. Also cottage of eleven rooms, including eight bedrooms. Splendid opportunity for summer outing. Fine mountain scenery, fishing, driving, etc. On D. & R. G. R. R. Apply P. O. Box 826, Colorado Springs, Colo.

7-ROOM modern, fully furn. house, 19 W. Espanola, until July 1st. No invalids. Apply A. D. Aitken, 112 E. Pike's Peak.

3-ROOM cottage, nicely furnished; gas range and water inside. Apply 621 E. Willamette Ave.

NICELY furnished, thoroughly modern, seven-room house; north. Address P. O. Box 1302.

FOR RENT—Modern furnished 6-room house, with piano. 728 E. Tampa.

NICELY furnished six-room house, modern, plenty shade. Nob hill. Phone 981 R.

8 ROOMS, well furnished, strictly modern, to private family. 6 E. Willamette.

FOR RENT—Two houses, 209 and 204 Cheyenne Road.

FIVE-ROOM modern cottage, with sleeping porch. 532 W. Bijou St.

FOR RENT—5-room, modern house, nicely furnished. 613 E. St. Vrain.

UP-TO-DATE, modern 5-room cottage, furnished. 2021 N. Tejon.

FOR RENT UNFUR. HOUSES.

4-ROOM house, mantel and grate, $10. 5-room house, modern, lyswild, $17. Call C. E. Maddocks, 21½ Pike's Peak.

7-ROOMED house, bath, electric lights, good location; reasonable. 72 Bank Building.

8-ROOMED apartment, St. Vrain court; every convenience. Owner, 73 Bank Building.

HOMES and lots on small monthly payments. Harper & Warner, 1012 Colo. Ave.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

MONEY to loan on real estate at Frankline's, 116 E. Pike's Peak Avenue.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

MY stock of groceries and fixtures for sale; a good cash business at a bargain. 632 E. Maple St.

FOR SALE—A grain business. Apply 113 E. Cucharras.

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE STAR LOAN CO.
ROOM 1, FIRST NAT'L BANK BLDG.
PHONE 364.
DO YOU NEED MONEY?
Have you regular employment or any respectable business?
Then See Us.
We do fair and most reliable.
Discount 30 paid before due. All business strictly confidential. Every business courtesy extended.

TO LOAN
Money at 5 and 6 per cent on real estate; no delay.
W. W. WILLIAMSON,
Member Colorado Springs Real Estate Exchange.
Tel. 476-A. 7 N. Tejon St.

WANTED TO LOAN—$3,000 on good real estate security; lowest rate; will loan $1,500 if desired. First mortgage. Colorado.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 26-27 Midland Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD CHATTELS TERMS TO SUIT BORROWER.
WOLFE & BELL,
ROOM 6, P. O. BLDG.

CHATTEL AND SALARY LOANS AT LOW RATES AND EASY PAYMENTS. 303 COLO. BLDG. PHONE 471-B.

MONEY to loan on real estate at Frankline, 116 E. Pike's Peak Avenue.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

CARRIAGES and wagons repaired at lowest prices. Rubber tires a specialty. All work guaranteed. Hemenway's Carriage and Repair Shop, 25 S. Cascade.

FOR SALE—Gentleman's driving horse, standard bred, 7 years old, bay, city broke, stylish and kind, but requires good driver. Write or applying K. McHatg, Pueblo, Colo.

SADDLE PONIES and two single drivers for sale. 15 W. Cucharras. W. E. Whitcraft.

TEAM horses, suitable for express or tourist wagon. Will trade for heavier horse. Broadmoor Dairy.

PHAETON, nearly new, for sale or trade for house painting. Phone 1242 Black.

FOR SALE—Horse and covered spring wagon. Phone 1032-B.

MUSICAL.

FRED EKENGREN, Piano Tuner; yearly rates. 1171½ East Boulder. Phone 1074-B.

PERSONAL.

GET your parasols covered and repaired by E. H. Morse, 111 E. Huerfano St.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. G. W. PAULY and wife, graduates Still's college, Kirksville, Mo., under founder of Osteopathy, 302-5 De Graff Bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Phones Red 1272. Res. 323. Best equipped office; best of service.

LEGAL NOTICES.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of THE MANITOU MINERAL SPRINGS COMPANY, for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting, will be held at the office of the company, in the town of Manitou, Colorado, on the first Tuesday (being the first day) of May, 1906, at 12 o'clock noon.

THOS. J. FISHER,
Secretary.

Colorado Springs, Colo., April 14, 1906.

To the Stockholders of the Tramp Mining Company.

The sale and consolidation outlined in the circular letter recently issued by this company has been approved by the stockholders of the three companies and has been perfected, this company receiving 850,000 shares of the stock of the new Tramp Consolidated Mining company.

A dividend of this stock, being 500 shares thereof for each 1,000 shares of this company's stock, has been declared, payable in stockholders on May 5, 1906, upon surrender of certificates of stock of this company. No fractional shares, however, will be issued.

Stockholders are therefore notified to indorse their certificates of stock in this company and send same to the Colorado Title and Trust company at Colorado Springs, Colorado, before May 5th, 1906. Upon that date there will be issued and sent to each stockholder who has complied with the above, his proper proportion of the new stock.

Stock transfer books of this company will close April 25, 1906.

By order of the board of directors.

E. P. SHOVE,
Secretary of the Tramp Mining Company.

Colorado Springs, Colo., April 20, '06.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Newton Lumber & Mfg. Co. will be held at their office, 15 West Huerfano St., at 3 o'clock p. m., May 1st, 1906, for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year, and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may come before the meeting.

Dated April 20, 1906.

FRANK E. JOHNSON, President.
W. E. McLUNG, Secy and Treas.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

To the Stockholders of THE REQUA-SAVAGE GOLD MINING COMPANY:

You are hereby notified that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Requa-Savage Gold Mining company will be held at the office of said company at rooms 211-212 Mining Exchange building, in the city of Colorado Springs, county of El Paso, in the state of Colorado, commencing at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., on Tuesday, May 1st, 1906, for the purpose of electing a board of directors of said company for the ensuing year, and of transacting such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Books for transfer of stock will close at 4 o'clock p. m. on Saturday, April 28th, 1906.

By order of the board of directors.

Colorado Springs, April 20, 1906.

FRANK FINEGAN, President.
R. B. TAYLOR, Secretary.

To the Holders of the First Mortgage Twenty-year, Seven Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the Utah Copper Company.

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of July, 1906, the Utah Copper company, a corporation of New Jersey, will redeem all of its first mortgage, twenty-year, seven per cent sinking fund gold bonds bearing date July 1, 1904, amounting in the aggregate to $750,000, par value, issued under a mortgage made by said Utah Copper company to the Colorado Title and Trust company as trustee. The said bonds will be so redeemed on said date at the office of the Colorado Title and Trust company, in the city of Colorado Springs, Colorado, or at the office of the Morton Trust company, in the city of New York, by payment of 105 per cent of the par value thereof and interest to said date of redemption. Interest on said bonds will cease from and after said date, all as provided in said bonds and the mortgage securing the same.

UTAH COPPER COMPANY.
By Charles M. MacNeill, President.
Attest: Spencer Penrose, Secretary.
Dated at Colorado Springs, Colo., April 16, 1906.

INSURANCE.

[illegible]

The above companies have been through the Chicago, Boston and Baltimore fires, and most of them paid without a murmur. Fire was ruthless and many small companies go to the wall. Look to your policies. Call in or write and be relieved of the fear of loss by fire that may occur.

MATTHEW KENNEDY
Phone 606-R. 115 E. Kiowa St.

AUCTIONS AND AUCTIONEERS.

J. W. COFFEY & CO. GENERAL AUCTIONEERS, room 25 Midland block.

POULTRY AND PET STOCK.

THOROUGHBRED S. C. R. P. Rock eggs, $1 per setting. 422 Cheyenne Rd. Phone 1057-B.

SETTING hens for sale. 529 S. Cascade.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

SANTA FE.

February 11, 1906.

Union Station, East Pike's Peak Ave.

No. NORTH, FOR DENVER

5—From Chicago and California 6:55 am
13—From Colorado Midland ..... 7:25 am
17—Denver Express ..... 10:25 am
607—Denver Express ..... 12:55 pm
1—From Texas ..... 1:35 pm
801—From Pueblo and East ..... 3:25 pm
3—Denver Ex. from Cripple Ck. 6:05 pm
11—From Colorado Midland ..... 7:05 pm

EAST BOUND AND CALIFORNIA

603—For Chicago and Kan. City... 6:40 am
4—For Pueblo ..... 10:10 am
12—To Colorado Midland Ry..... 11:00 am
2—For Pueblo ..... 2:00 pm
602—California Lim. and Chicago.. 6:45 pm
14—For Pueblo ..... 7:30 pm
6—For Chicago, K. C., El Paso.. 10:30 pm
16—To Colorado Midland Ry..... 11:30 pm

COLORADO SPRINGS & CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RY.

(The Short Line.)

No. Daily. WEST BOUND.

23—Leaves Colorado Springs..... 10:20 am
Arrives at Cripple Creek..... 1:20 pm

EAST BOUND.

24—Leaves Cripple Creek..... 3:00 pm
Arrives Colorado Springs..... 6:00 pm

Through trains of day coaches and observation cars between Denver, Cripple Creek and Victor are run over the C. & S. Ry. to and from Colorado Springs.

Short Line trains arrive and depart from Santa Fe station, Colorado Springs, City Ticket Office, 119 Pike's Peak ave.

THE CRIPPLE CREEK ROAD, Midland Terminal Ry.

Via Colo. Midland Out of Colo. Springs.

No. WEST BOUND.

111—Leave Colorado Springs ..... 7:10 pm
Arrive Cripple Creek..... 10:[illegible] pm

EAST BOUND.

Leave Cripple Creek..... 7:20 am
Arrive Colorado Springs..... 10:20 am

ROCK ISLAND SYSTEM.

No. LEAVE COLORADO SPRINGS.

42—Rocky Mt. Lim. to Chicago.... 10:40 am
6—Vestibuled Lim. Chi. via Omaha. 9:40 pm
16—Colorado Flyer, Kan. City, St. Joe, St. Louis, Chicago ..... 2:30 pm
28—For Kan. City, Memphis, Jacksonville, Fla., and St. Louis.. 7:55 am
5—Limited to Pueblo ..... 8:30 am
9—Limited to Pueblo ..... 11:50 am
41—To Pueblo ..... 9:45 pm

ARRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS.

5—Vestibuled Lim. from Chicago. 7:30 am
22—From St. Louis and Kan. City 8:15 am
8—Colorado Flyer, from Kan. City, St. Joe, Omaha, St. Louis.. 11:50 am
41—Rocky Mountain Limited ..... 9:40 pm

Through sleepers and chair cars on all trains; dining cars for all meals.

W. W. WOOD, C. P. A.
2 Pike's Pike Ave. Phone 28.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE.

No. NORTH, FOR DENVER.

16—From Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, Leadville and Glenwood ..... 6:45 am
6—From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.. 8:20 am
8—From Pueblo ..... 9:05 am
12—From St. Louis, K. C., Pueblo. 10:25 am
2—From St. Louis & Pac. Coast.. 2:05 pm
10—From Pueblo and Canon City.. 3:25 pm
14—From Trinidad and Pueblo.... 6:10 pm
4—From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.. 7:20 pm

SOUTH AND WEST FROM DENVER.

15—For Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, and Leadville ..... 12:25 am
5—For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.... 11:05 am
1—For Salt Lake, St. Louis and Pacific Coast ..... 12:05 pm
13—For Pueblo ..... 10:30 am
9—For Canon City and Pueblo.... 4:10 pm
7—For Pueblo, Alamosa, Durango 9:30 pm
11—For Kan. City and St. Louis.. 7:05 pm
3—For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast.. 10:55 pm

No. Lv. Colo. Spgs. No. Lv. Manitou
43 ..... 7:30 am | 44 ..... 8:30 am
45 ..... 10:45 am | 46 ..... 11:30 am
47 ..... 5:00 pm | 48 ..... 5:23 pm

MANITOU BRANCH TRAINS

For Pueblo ..... 7:15 pm
For Pueblo ..... 11 pm
Trains arrive from Denver, 6:30, 10:05.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

No. WEST BOUND. Leave

5—Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast Limited ..... 12:05 pm
Santa Fe-C. & S. depot.
11—Cripple Creek and Ute Pass Express ..... 7:10 pm
D. & R. G. depot.
3—Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast Limited ..... 11:30 pm
Santa Fe-C. & S. depot.

No. EAST BOUND. Arrives.

6—From Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast ..... 7:05 am
Santa Fe depot.
2—From Cripple Creek & Ute Pass ..... 10:30 am
D. & R. G. depot.
4—From Pacific Coast, Utah, Colorado ..... 5:40 pm
Santa Fe depot.

All trains to and from Cripple Cr. & district leave from and arrive at D. & R. G. depot. Other trains arrive and leave from Santa Fe depot. Ticket office No. 9 North Tejon street.

C. S. BROWN,
General Agent.

[illegible] & NORTHWESTERN.

NORTH BOUND.

For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins.. [illegible]
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins.. 7:[illegible] am
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins.. [illegible]
For St. Louis and East ..... 10:30 am
For Denver ..... 11:30 am
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins, Greeley, Chicago and East ..... 1:35 pm
For Denver, Kan. City, St. Louis.. 3:30 pm
For Denver, Omaha, Chicago, Kan. City, St. Louis and East ..... 3:10 pm
For Denver ..... 7:1[illegible] pm

SOUTH BOUND.

For Pueblo ..... 6:00 am
For Pueblo ..... 10:30 am
For Pueblo, Trinidad, Ft. Worth.. 2:30 pm
For Pueblo ..... 4:00 pm
For Pueblo ..... 7:30 pm
For Pueblo ..... 10:00 pm

Trains arrive from Denver, 6:30, 10:25, 11:00 a. m., 1:25, 2:20, 4:00 p. m.

Ticket office No. 119 E. Pike's Peak Ave. Come in and ask questions.

G. H. LOGAN, C. A.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive.

10:25 am—St. Louis, Sedalia, K. C., St. Joe, Atchison, Leavenworth, Wichita and Hutchinson, Ark., Gulf ..... 7:00 pm
3:45 pm. Fort Worth, St. Louis, K. C., St. Joe, Omaha, Chicago ..... [illegible]

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

MAY
'Peerless Patterns'
are here. Fashion Sheet free.
Try these excellent and popular patterns. We guarantee every one. Only 5c, 10c, 15c, no more.

C. J. HEATH DRY GOODS CO. 115 S. Tejon St.

We shall show you this week a very complete line of

New Summer Waists in Linens, Mulls, and Silks

reasonably priced, of course, from 75c to $6.00. Carefully marked and good values.

1. Special showing of new wash materials this week, at special prices, 8c, 10c, 15c and 25c.

2. A special lot of 36 dozen children's and misses' sanitary-made muslin and drill underwear, drawers, skirts and waists: ages 2 to 12 years. 2 garments for 25c: isn't this cheaper than you can afford to make them? They're TAILOR MADE and good goods. **15c Garment**

DON'T FAIL
TO SEE OUR SPRING SUITS AND MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
Rafield

DAILY WEATHER RECORD.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado College weather bureau for 12 hours ending at 6 o'clock p. m.

Temperature at 6 a. m.	40
Temperature at 12 m.	71
Temperature at 6 p. m.	70
Maximum temperature	71
Minimum temperature	39
Mean temperature	58
Max. bar. pres.; inches, 6 a. m.	24.14
Min. bar. pres.; inches, 6 p. m.	24.03
Mean vel. of wind per hour	6
Max. vel. of wind per hour	12
Relative humidity at noon	22
Dew point at noon	21
Precipitation in inches	0

City Briefs

[illegible] Ashby's [illegible]

CHAMBERLAIN & Brown, Dentists.

FINELY furnished rooms, Y. M. C. A.

A FRENCH lecture by Prof. Lebeau of Paris, at Palmer hall at 4 o'clock. Admission 50 cents.

ST. JOHN & BARNES for garden hose. Bull Dog and Eureka best manufactured. Prices 8c to 20c.

SPECIAL SALE of hardy roses at Braidwood's store, 110 North Tejon street, beginning Monday.

REHEARSAL—The Philharmonic society will hold its usual rehearsal tonight at the Y. M. C. A. building.

DIED—Mrs. Ida M. Koeppe, aged 37 years, died last night at her home, 15 Cameron street. She is survived by a son. Funeral announcements will be made later.

FUNERAL—The funeral of Roswell P. Russell will be held from the family residence, 601 North Nevada avenue, this morning at 11 o'clock. The Rev. Benjamin Brewster will officiate. Interment will be in Evergreen cemetery.

THIS WEEK ONLY to demonstrate our latest improved dry cleaning process we will clean all unlined walking skirts at the following prices: Black skirts 50c, colored skirts 75c, plain or pleated. Louis Stock, 13 East Kiowa.

BURIAL—The funeral of John Thomas Trainer was held from St. Mary's Catholic church yesterday afternoon at 8 o'clock, the Rev. Father Raber officiating. Services at the grave in Evergreen cemetery were conducted by Colorado Springs post No. 22, G. A. R.

AMUSEMENTS

BENEFIT FOR SAN FRANCISCO SUFFERERS TONIGHT.

At the Opera house this evening there will be a performance given for the benefit of the San Francisco sufferers, and the Opera house should be crowded. The performance is well worth the price of admission. Some of the members of the Elks minstrels, Fink, Bender and others will appear between the acts. Mannie Barnes will have an enlarged orchestra, and promises some fine music. The play, to be presented by local people, is the beautiful drama, entitled "The Fireman's Ward." Carl Albin, a member of the city council, will appear in the cast as the Irish comedian. The following are scenes of the play:

ACT I

The home of Widow Brown. Polly and Billy. Billy gets stuck in the glue. Dennis and Polly saw him out. The arrival of Alice. "I am not rich, but I would willingly share my last cent with a fellow creature in distress." Father and daughter. Alice appeals to her father. The Wolf and the Lamb. "You are no longer a child of mine." "I have no need of your name. I have my husband." The murder. "My child, my child!" The arrival of the firemen. "Who has done this?" The firemen's oath. "You are the murderer!" "Villain!" "Arrest that man."

ACT II.

"An eclipse of 16 years."

The firemen's chorus of 50 voices. Nelle surprises the boys. Old Lunn John. "Tell me of my mother." The false friend. The haunted room. The arrival of the ghost. The widow looks for a husband. Dennis the victim. The widow on the warpath. Watch the ghost. "There's something doing."

ACT III.

The firemen's annual picnic. Grand opening chorus of 50 voices. Dennis and Billy have a scrap. The dinner party. The toasts—"To the Volunteer Firemen." The hobo arrives. Dennis and the widow. Old John's attempt to murder Nellie. "What shall we do with him, boys?" "Hang him! Lynch him!" "Thou shalt not kill." Grand tableau.

ACT IV.

(Same as Act I.)

The home of Widow Brown. Billy and Polly. A recollection of the bench and glue. "If you catch me you can have me." "Two's company and three's a crowd." Dennis and the Widow. Dennis finds the sewing. The courtship. "Come into camp." Jack and Nell. The arrival of the new captain. "Father! Father!" United at last. Old John escapes from the state asylum. "I'll kill them all." The explosion. Old John his own victim. Justice at last. "The loyal members of the volunteer firemen will always guard and protect you."

BOBBY AND MARIE FOUNTAIN COMING.

At the Opera house on Tuesday evening next, popular Bobby and Marie Fountain will open their return engagement, presenting the latest success, the big melodrama, "The Sidewalks of New York." Donahue and Drotto, the popular comedians, will appear in the cast. They do their specialty between the acts. They will give two matinees during the week, Wednesday and Friday afternoons, at 2:30. The company is larger, finer and much stronger. The evening prices will be Fountain prices, 10, 20, 30 and 50c. Matinee prices will be, children, 10c; adults, 20c to all parts of the house. Reserved seats will be sold at the box office for the evening performance.

DOCKSTADER'S BIG MINSTRELS.

The tour of Dockstader's minstrels this season is a sensational one in that it covers the entire country from coast to coast. It is seldom that a minstrel company is taken such a distance in one season, and it is being done this time because of the strong probability that Dockstader will be kept in New York with his company during the greater portion of next season. This is the result of his enormous success on Broadway during the month of January, and the numerous appeals being made to him by lovers of minstrelsy to establish himself permanently in New York, and let the others do the traveling. Lew's reply to that is that he has so many friends and admirers outside of New York he feels it a part of duty, as well as a pleasure, to go on the road and meet old and make new friends. His show this season is so much in advance of anything he has ever had before that the critics now declare he is in a class entirely by himself, far and away ahead of all others, and he likes to take his show through the country so that others may see it. He will be here on Saturday next at the Opera house and will give two performances, matinee and night, in order to accommodate the crowd that expects to go to see the show.

DON'T PUT OFF for tomorrow what you can do today. If you put off buying a bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment, when that pain comes you won't have any, buy a bottle today. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Burns, Cuts, Sprains, Contracted Muscles, etc. T. S. Graham, Prairie Grove, Ark., writes: "I wish to thank you for the good results I received from Snow Liniment. It positively cured me of Rheumatism after others had failed." Sold by Heffley-Arcularius Drug Co.

GLENWOOD SPRINGS AND RETURN $12.00. Every Friday and Saturday on Rio Grande.

RIO GRANDE HAS 8 DAILY trains to Denver and Pueblo.

Subscribe now for the Gazette—60 cents per month.

SEE THE CHOICE LINE OF HAWKES CUT GLASS Just in at LAUTERMAN'S JEWELER AND OPTICIAN 121 N. Tejon St. Phone Black 233

DANDY FOLDER PHOTOS $1.25 per Dozen at RETTIPLE'S STUDIO 115 E. Pike's Peak Avenue.

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Established (with the town) 1871.

HENRY LeB. WILLS. ELLIS L. SPACKMAN. EDWARD W. [illegible]

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HENRY LeB. WILLS & CO

[illegible] Colorado Springs [illegible] Exchange.

FOR SALE Attractive suburban home, beautiful grounds, at two-thirds cost.

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For heavy, soggy, tasteless, lifeless baker's bread when for the same price you can get a loaf of our matchless

HOME-MADE BREAD

That is wholesome, nourishing, palatable. There is no better bread made anywhere at any price.

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Earthquakes Are Terrible

So are sleepless nights, melancholia and the blues, all proof of a diseased nervous system, otherwise known as GENERAL DEBILITY.

Palmo Tablets WILL CURE YOU.

Perfectly harmless and the results are certain.

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is a low price for a silver-plated candlestick of ordinary quality, but when we offer a guaranteed quadruple-plated one, it becomes a rare bargain.

By buying a number of these we get them at a greatly reduced price and we give you the benefit of our saving.

Monday morning we place on sale a number of these candlesticks at $1.85 each, which would be reasonably priced at $3.00. They are now on display in our window.

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Phone 424. Free delivery.

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Little Gem Grocery and Market 710 South Tejon St.

2 lbs. choice mutton chops	25c
Radishes, 2 bunches	5c
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Lettuce, 3 bunches	10c
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THE "CRAZE" IS STILL ON

For souvenir postal cards, and we have a new lot of Postal Card Albums from 15c to $3.00. Photo Albums, too.

They Are The Best.

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7—5c packages Soap Powder
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There are various creamery butters on the market that command fancy prices that are not as good as our Norton Creamery Butter. There is no better butter made, for it is impossible to make better butter. The price most places would be higher, but we make this butter to our patrons at only 25c per pound as a specialty, just to demonstrate our high qualities at low prices.

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Only $4 a Ton

The Colorado Springs Fuel Co. 112 E. Pike's Peak Ave. Phones 230-213.

Sale of French Ginghams At 15c

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3,500 yards of French ginghams in neat stripes and figures, 32 inches wide, all the new spring colorings. They would sell ordinarily for 25c a yard. We bought the bunch at a price, and as usual are going to give you the benefit. They go on sale today at yard,

15c

KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC CO., 102 N. TEJON "Pianos With a Reputation" Renting a Specialty.

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